

COMMUNITY

ECONOMY

LIVEABILITY

WELLBEING







SGS Economics and Planning acknowledges the First Nations Peoples of Australia on whose Country we live and work, particularly the Dharawal people on whose land we meet today.

We acknowledge that the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples of Australia are one of the oldest continuing living cultures on Earth, have one of the oldest continuing land tenure systems in the world, and have one of the oldest continuing land use planning and management systems in the world. We pay our respects to the First Nations Peoples, past and present, and acknowledge their stewardship of Country over thousands of years.





Campbelltown: State of play

In 2021, Campbelltown LGA was home to

176,500 residents
52,500 jobs

By 2051, Campbelltown LGA is projected to have

256,000 residents 86,000 jobs

Source: ABS Census, 2021 Source: TfNSW, 2022

Community

Migration

20%

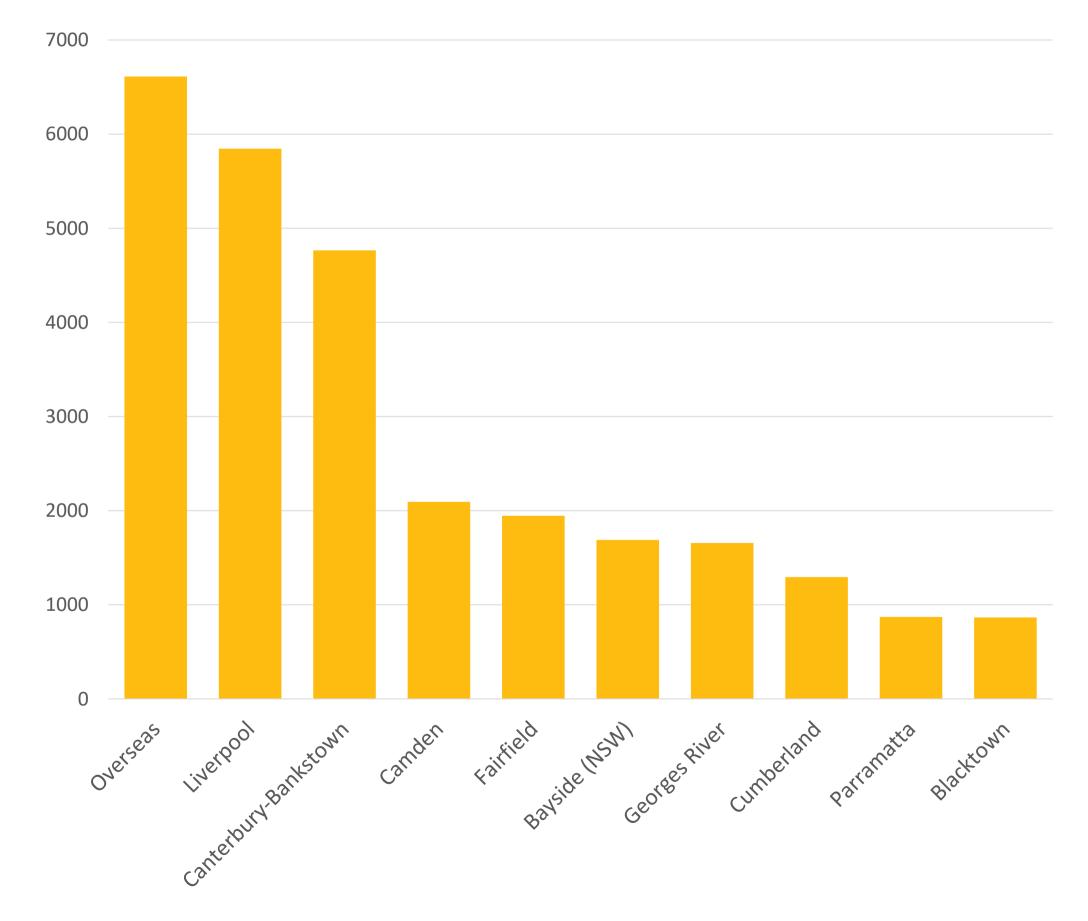
Of Campbelltown's residents moved to the LGA in the past five years. Of these, **18**% were from overseas. This compares with 72%* of new residents in Greater Sydney coming from overseas over the same period.

29%

Nearly a third of new residents moved from two LGAs

– Liverpool and Canterbury-Bankstown.





Cultural diversity

2 in every 5 residents

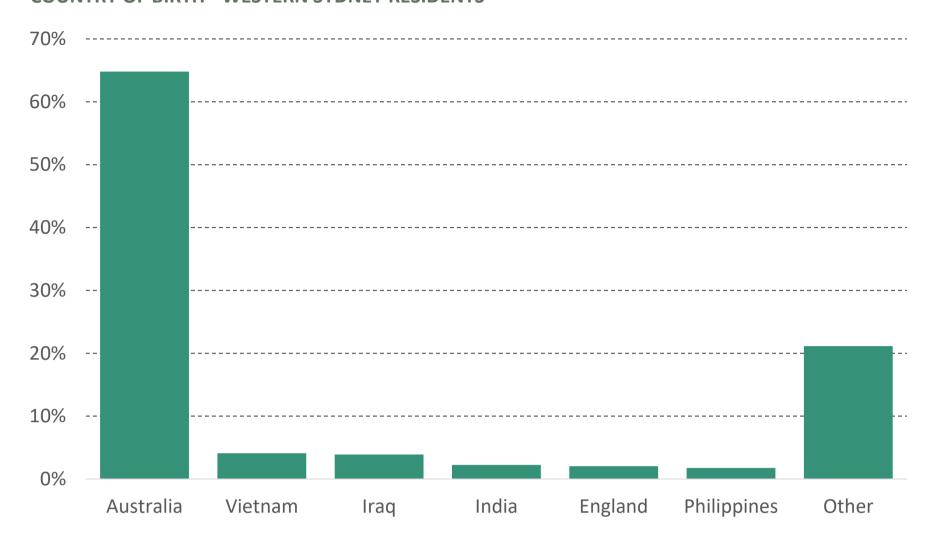
in the Campbelltown LGA and City Centre were born overseas.

...it is 1 in every 3

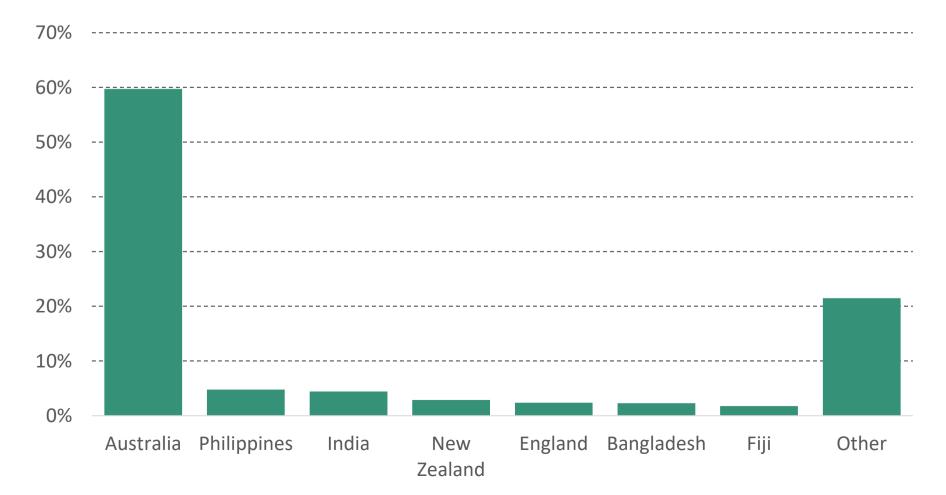
more broadly in Western Sydney.

The composition of this culturally diverse community differs though across Campbelltown's suburbs and city centre.

COUNTRY OF BIRTH - WESTERN SYDNEY RESIDENTS



COUNTRY OF BIRTH - CAMPBELLTOWN CITY CENTRE RESIDENTS



Source: ABS Census, 2021

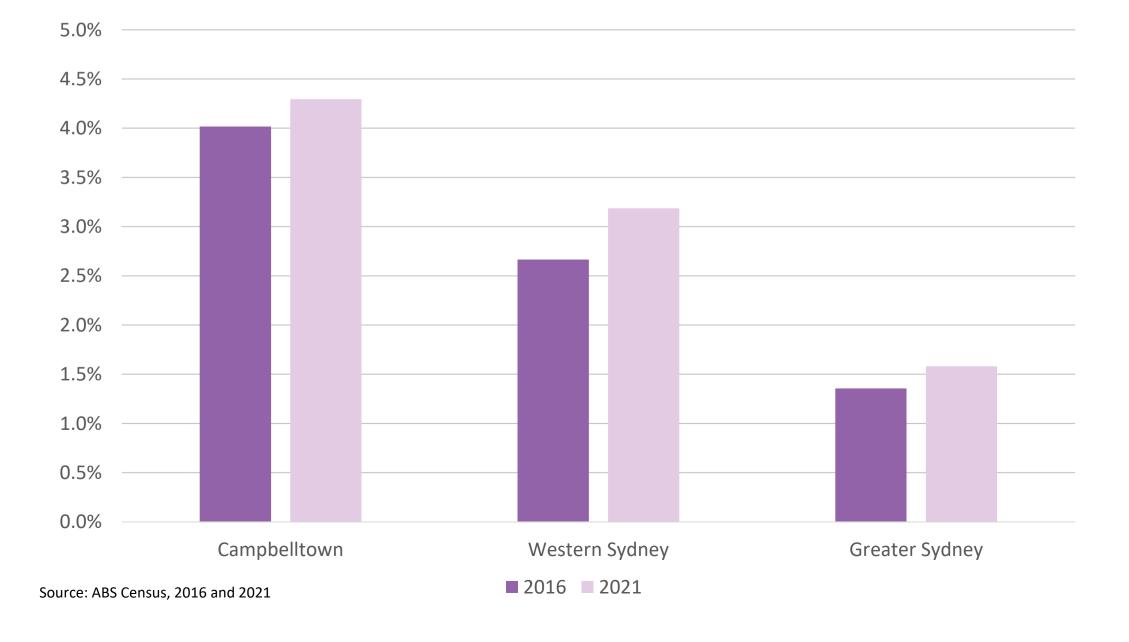
A growing First Nations community

Campbelltown and Western Sydney have both seen a growth in the number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander residents over the past five years.

4.3%

The Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander population in Campbelltown
compared to 1.6% in Greater Sydney.

ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION: 2016-2021



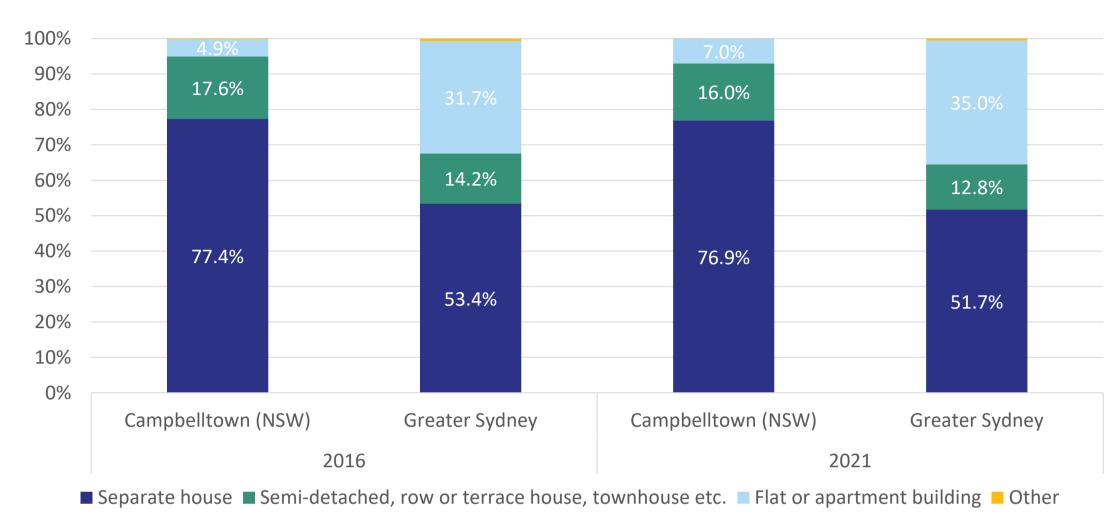
Housing choice

77%

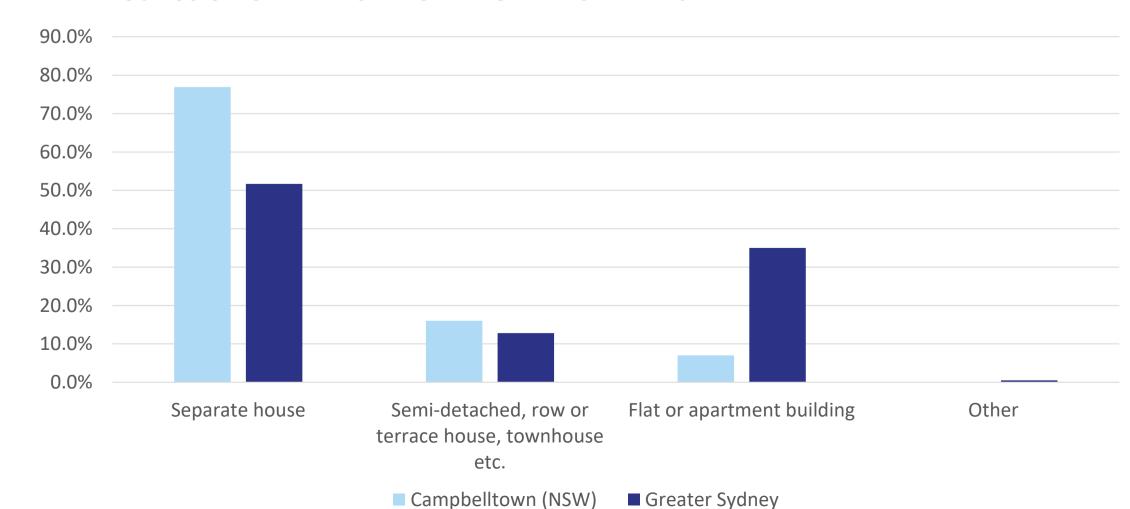
Over three-quarters of houses in Campbelltown are detached, compared with 52% in Greater Sydney.

And the LGA has lower density levels, with apartments making up only 7% of homes.

DWELLING STRUCTURE CAMPBELLTOWN LGA AND GREATER SYDNEY - 2016 AND 2021



DWELLING STRUCTURE CAMPBELLTOWN LGA AND GREATER SYDNEY - 2021



Education

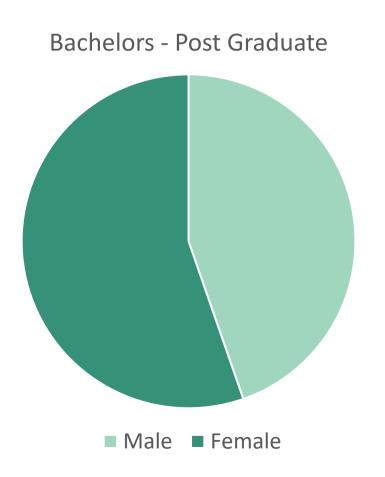
51%

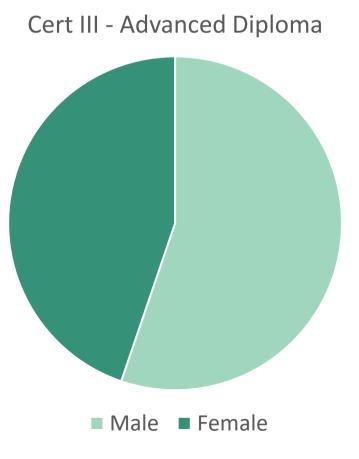
Females in the Campbelltown LGA represent 55% of the residents with Bachelor Degrees and higher, while males make up 55% of residents with Certificate IIIs to Advanced Diplomas.

The percentage change of residents with Bachelor Degrees and higher increased by 51% between 2016 and 2021.

CHANGE IN HIGHER EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT – 2016-2021 40,000 35,000 25,000 15,000 Bachelors - Post Grad Cert III - Adv Dip 2016 ■ 2021

SPLIT OF RESIDENTS WITH HIGHER EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY GENDER, 2021





Source: ABS Census, 2016 and 2021

Personal weekly income

The weekly income of residents in

Campbelltown LGA is generally lower
than Greater Sydney, but there has been
an increase in top deciles over the past
five years.

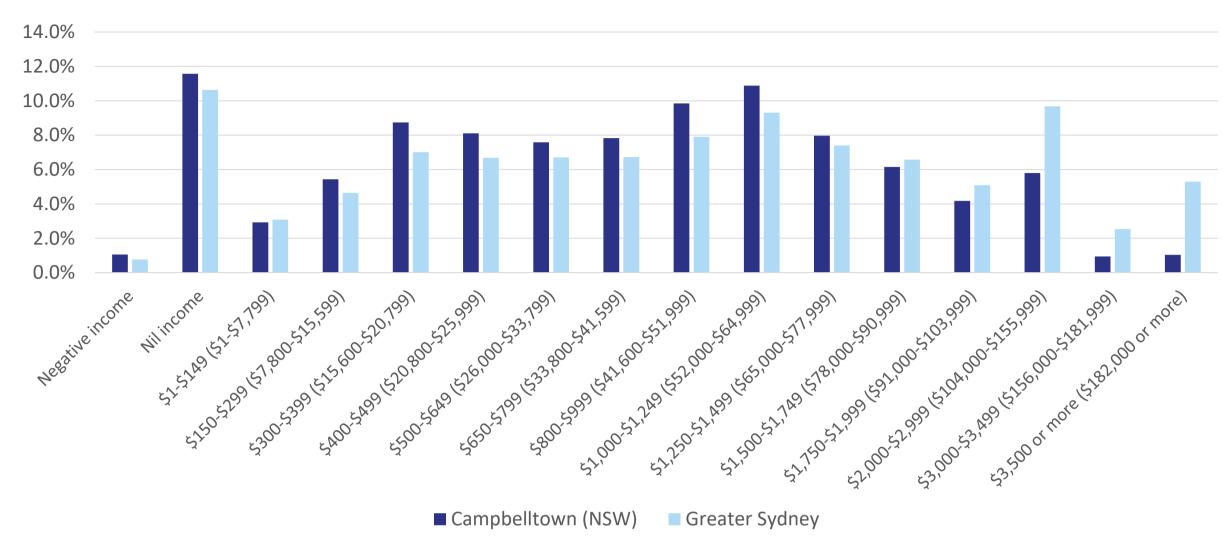
62%

Of Women earn less than \$799 a week.

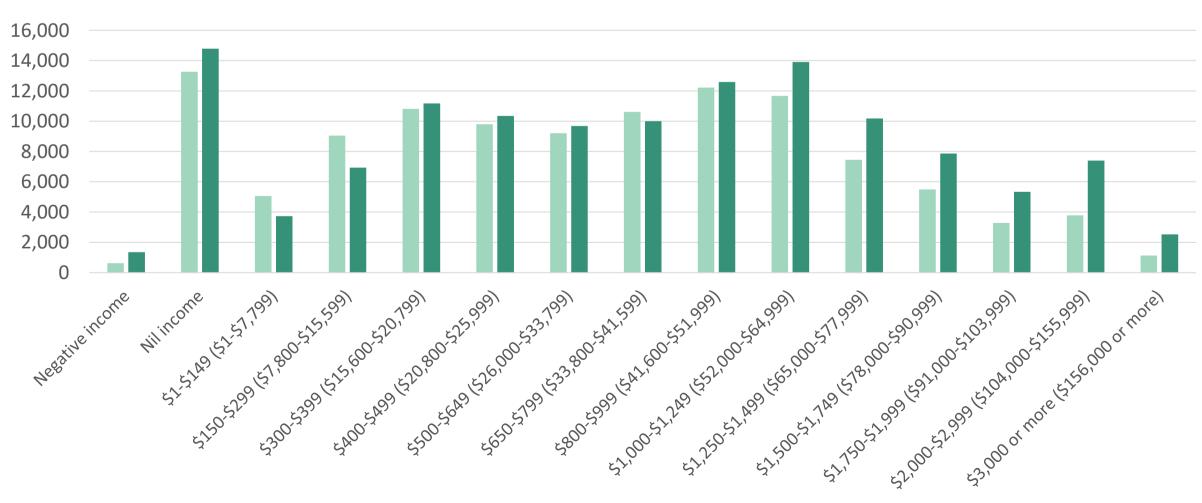
44%

Of Men earn less than \$799 a week.





CHANGE IN PERSONAL WEEKLY INCOME CAMPBELLTOWN LGA - 2016-2021



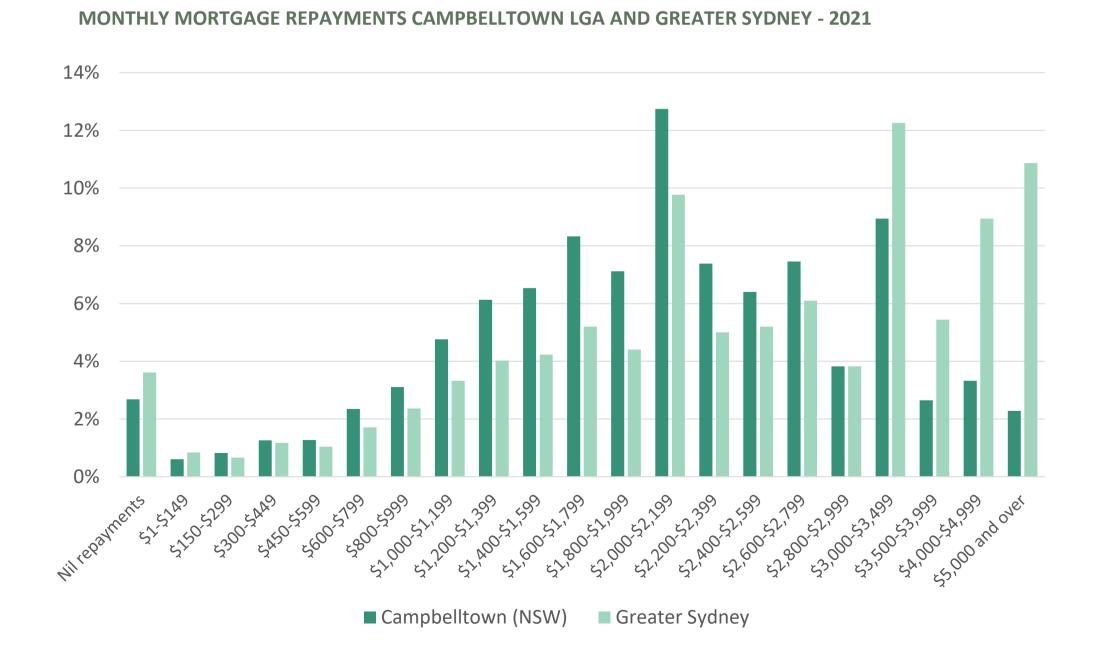
■ 2016 **■** 2021

Source: ABS Census, 2016 and 2021

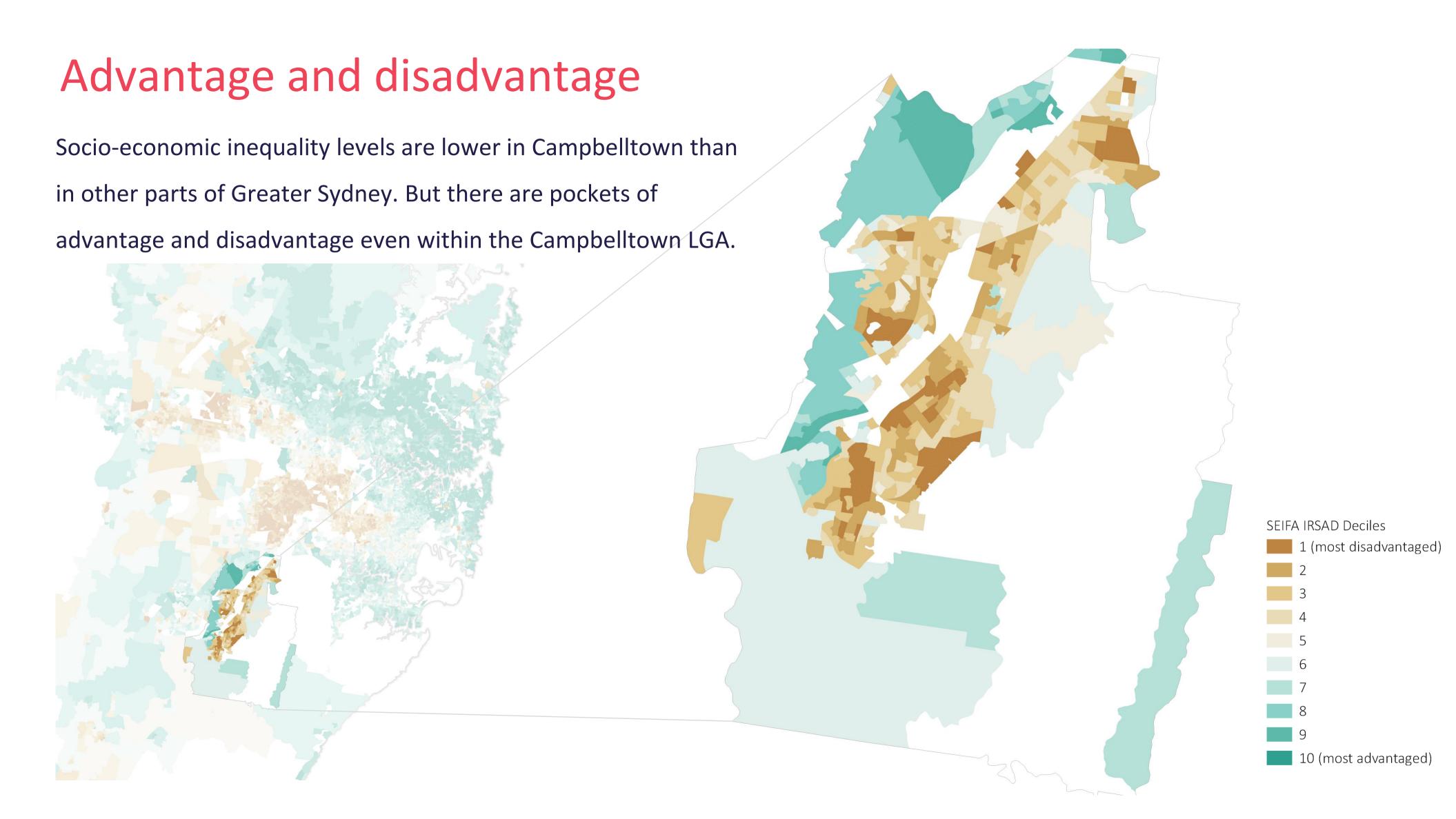
Households

40%

Campbelltown has a higher proportion of dwellings owned with a mortgage at 40%, compared to 33% across Greater Sydney. It also has typically lower monthly mortgage repayments than Greater Sydney.





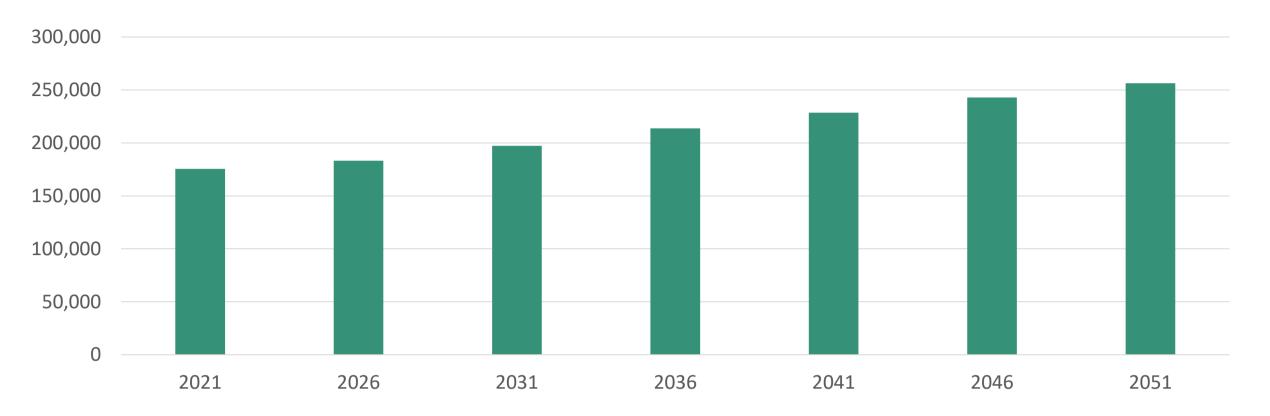


Population Forecasts

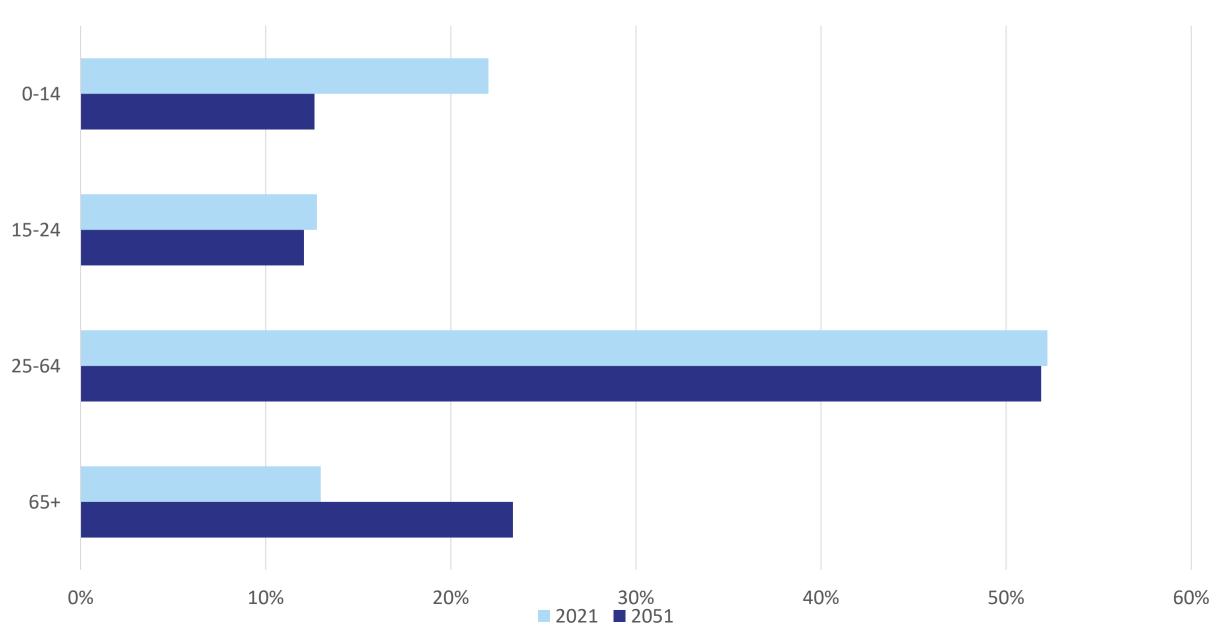
Campbelltown currently has a large proportion of young children, aligned with families moving into greenfield areas.

This is projected to shift towards an older population, with almost a quarter of residents being over 65 by 2051. This has implications for health care and social assistance for Campbelltown in the future.

POPULATION FORECASTS CAMPBELLTOWN LGA: 2021-2051



AGE FORECASTS CAMPBELLTOWN LGA: 2021-2051



Source: TfNSW TZP 2022 Forecasts

Economy

The Campbelltown economy

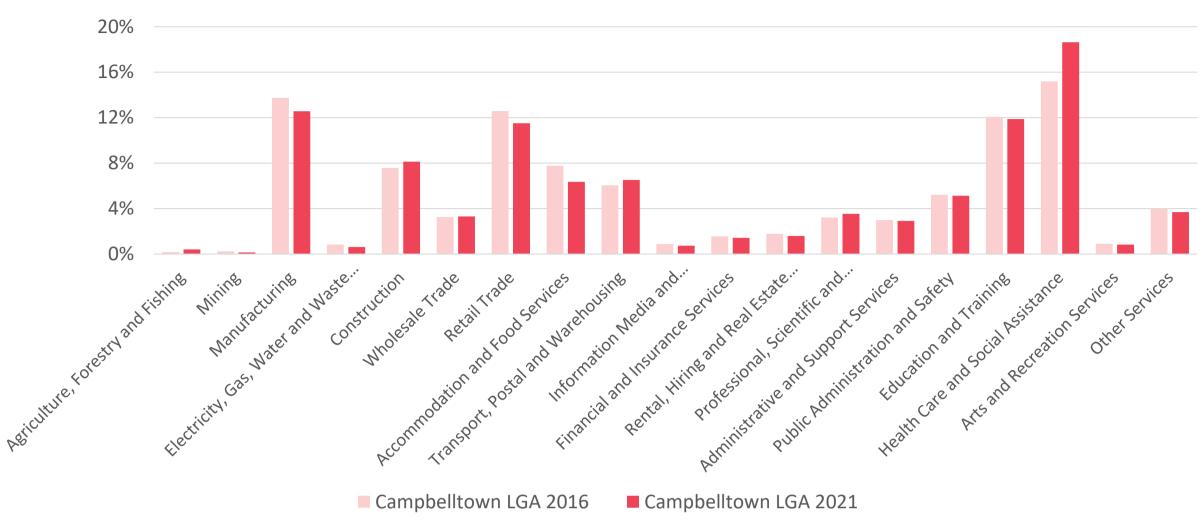
9%

Jobs in Campbelltown increased by 9% between 2016 and 2021, with Health Care and Social Assistance the largest industry.

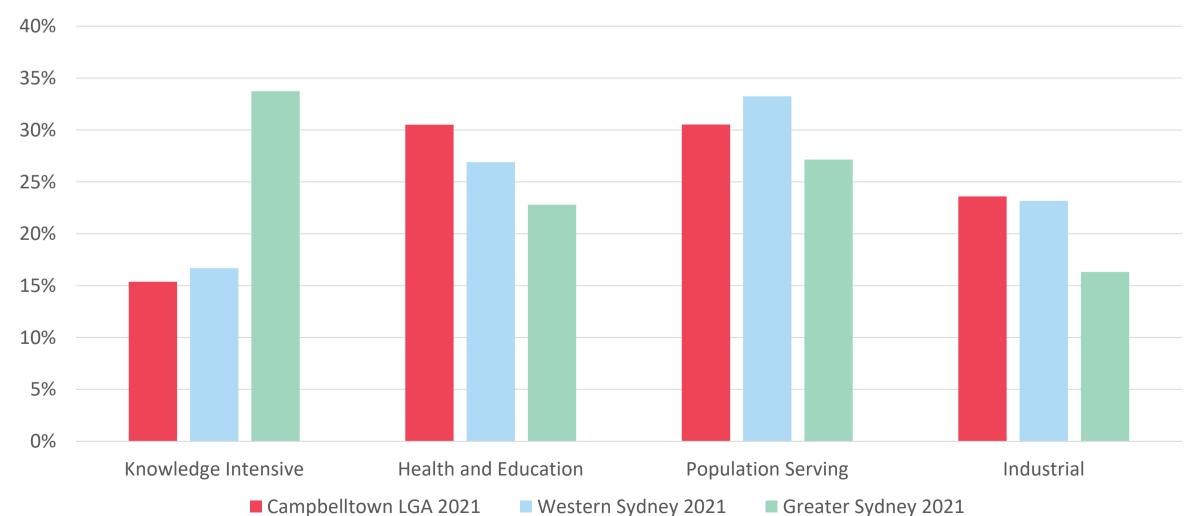
61%

Health and Education and Population Serving jobs such as Retail and Construction make up 61% of Campbelltown's jobs.





COMPARISON OF INDUSTRY COMPOSITION – CAMPBELLTOWN, WESTERN SYDNEY AND GREATER SYDNEY, 2021



Source: ABS Census, 2016 and 2021

Economic contribution

The Campbelltown economy contributes

\$6.7B

to the economy, led by the

Manufacturing, Health Care and Social

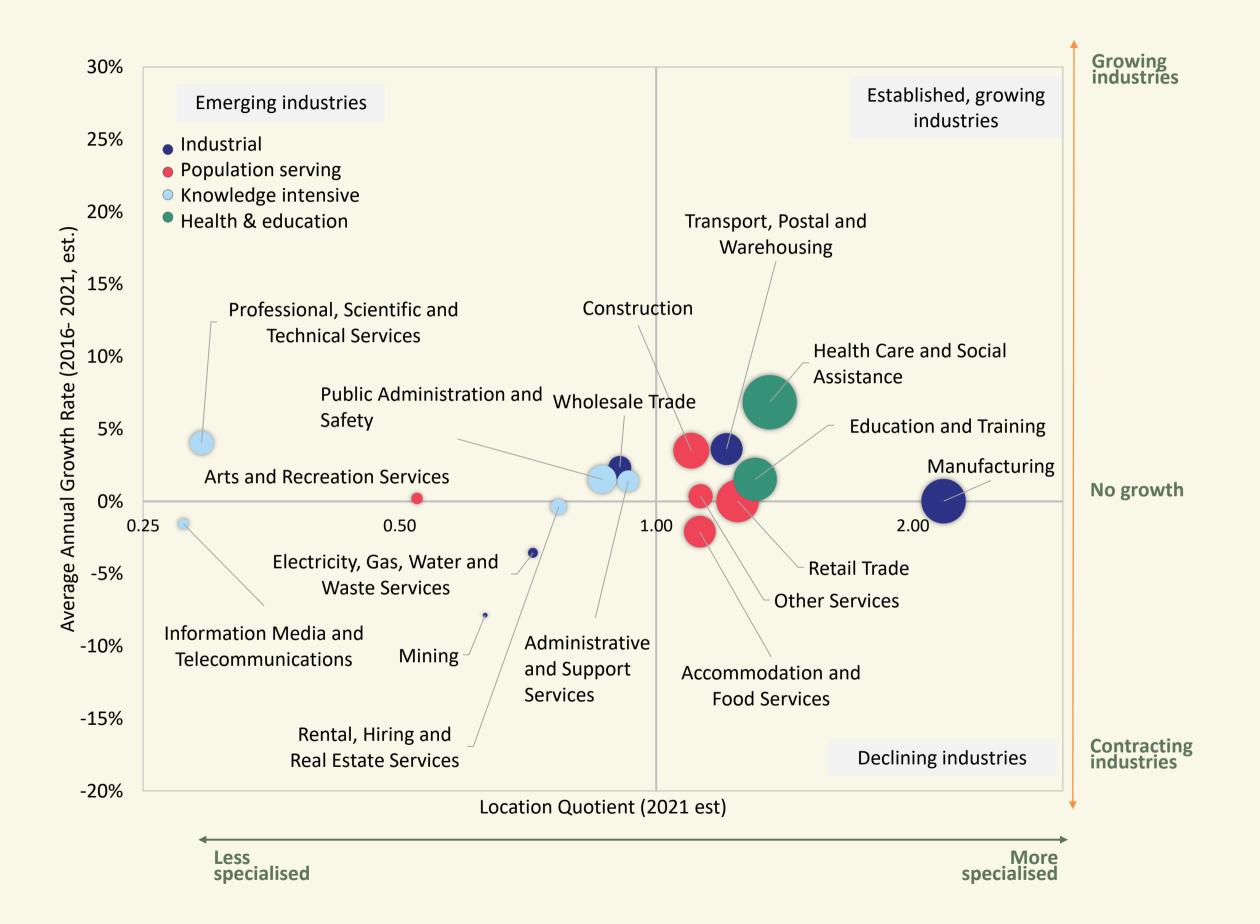
Assistance industries and Construction.



Economic specialisation

Compared with Greater Sydney,
Campbelltown industries of
specialisation tend towards
Manufacturing and Health Care.

INDUSTRY SPECIALISATION - CAMPBELLTOWN LGA COMPARED TO GREATER SYDNEY: 2016-2021



INDUSTRY SPECIALISATION - CAMPBELLTOWN LGA COMPARED TO GREATER SYDNEY: 2016-2021

Economic specialisation

Knowledge Intensive

- Information Media and Telecommunications
- Financial and Insurance Services
- Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services
- Professional, Scientific and Technical Services
- Administrative and Support Services
- Public Administration and Safety

Health and Education

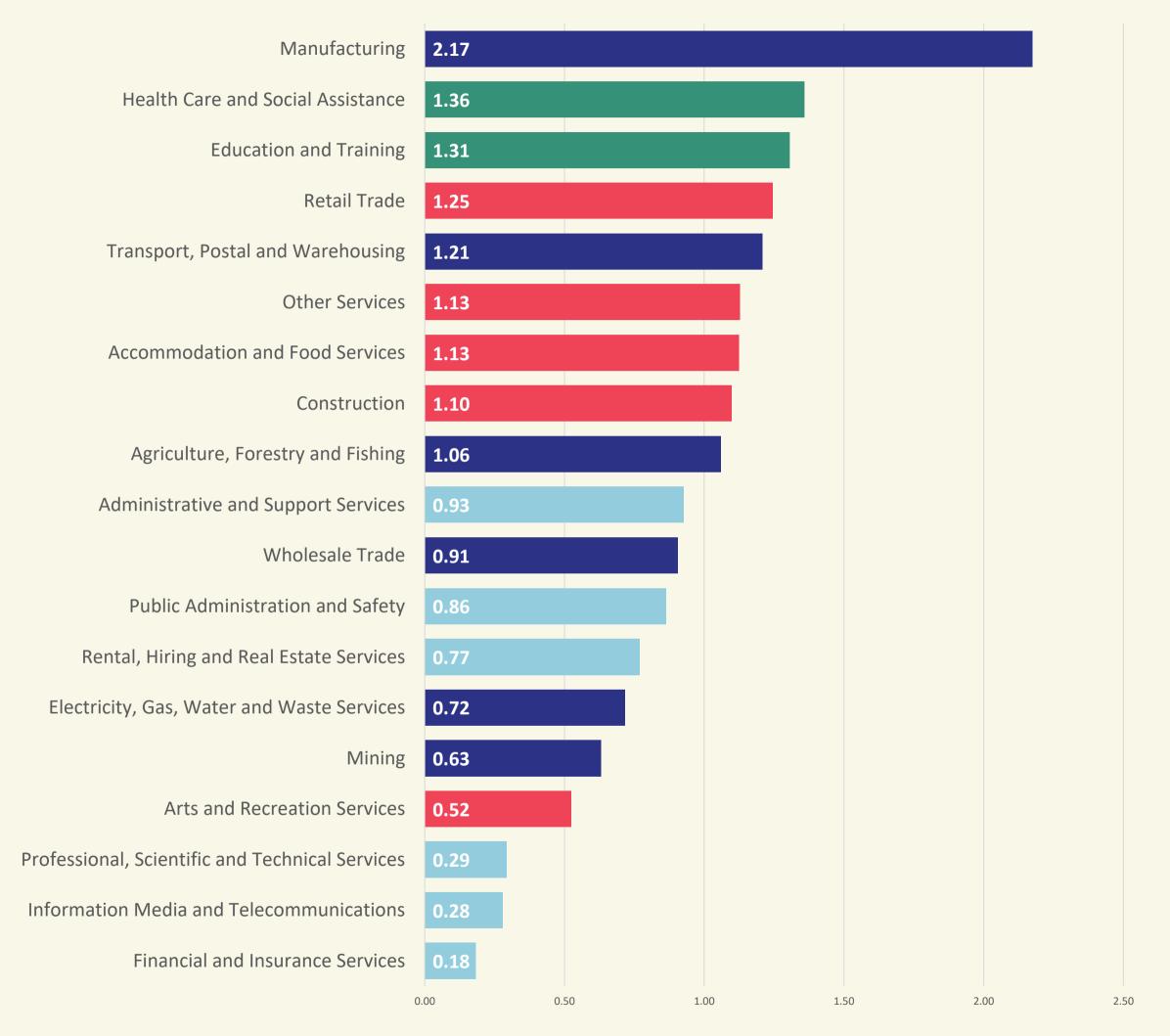
- Education and Training
- Health Care and Social Assistance

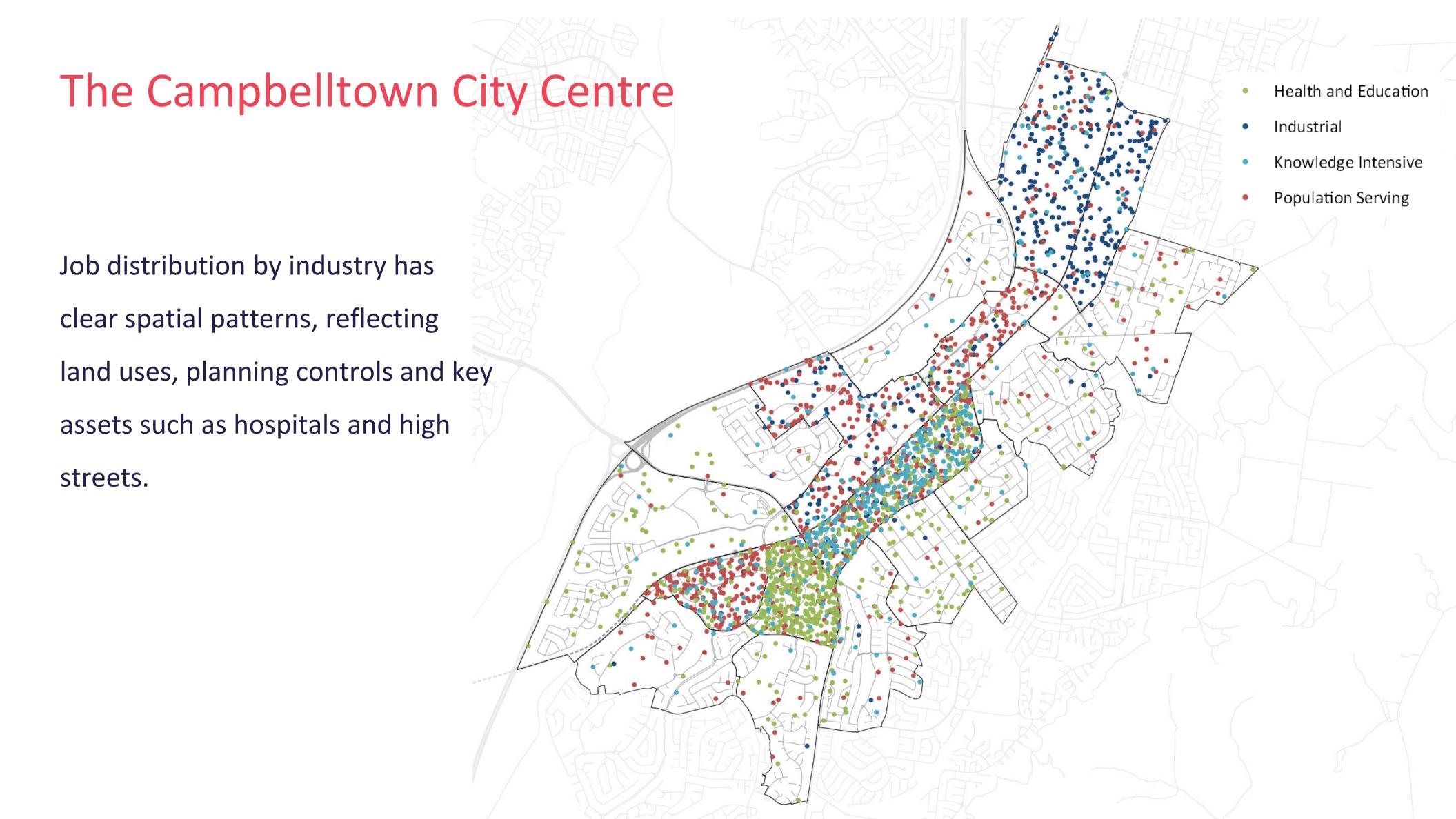
Population Serving

- Construction
- Retail Trade
- Accommodation and Food Services
- Arts and Recreation Services
- Other Services

Industrial

- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing
- Mining
- Manufacturing
- Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services
- Wholesale Trade
- Transport, Postal and Warehousing





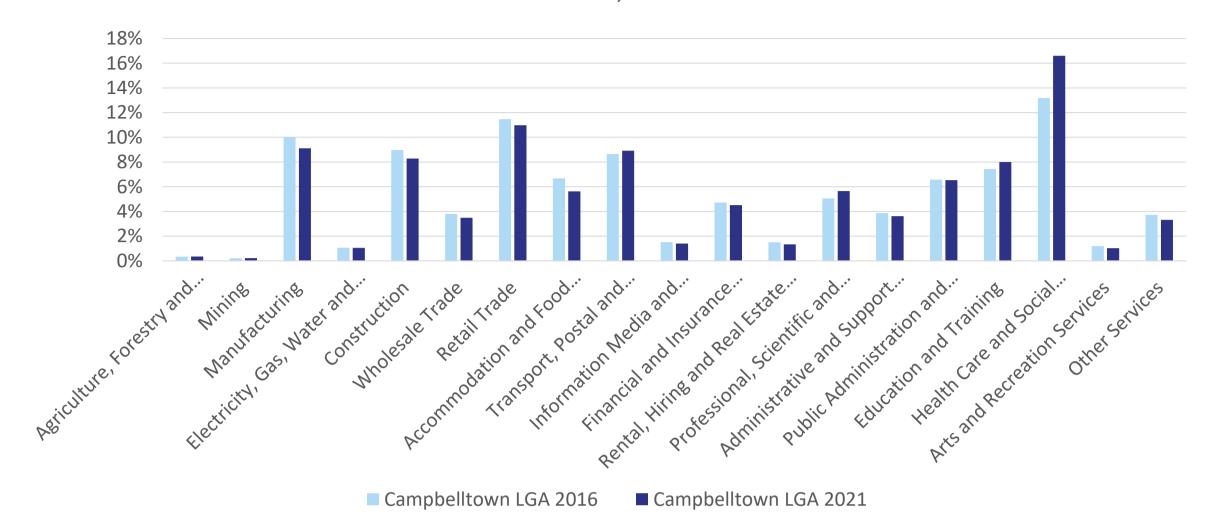
Labour force

Campbelltown residents working in the Health Care and Social

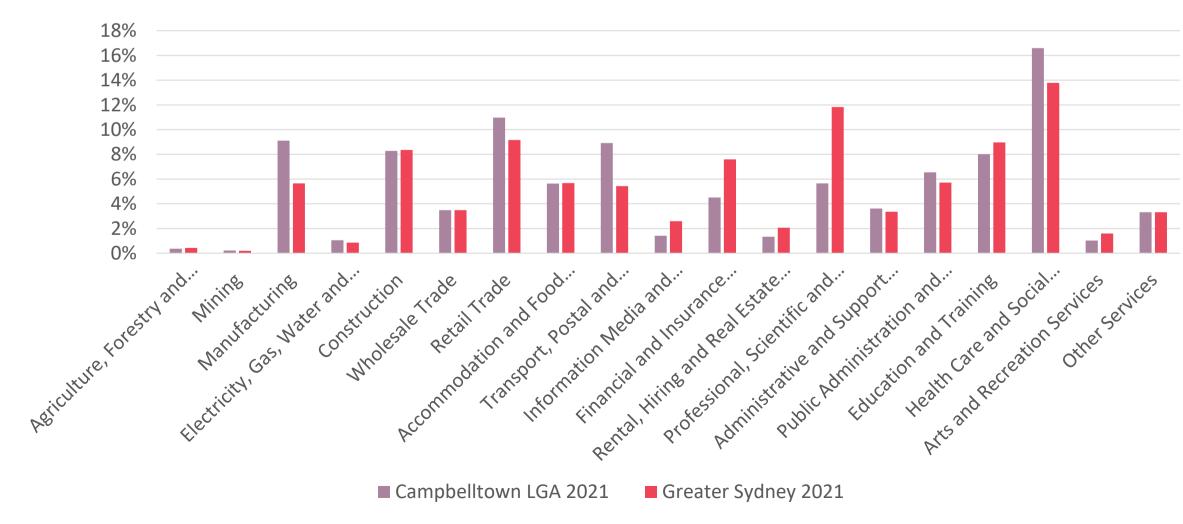
Assistance industry increased by 33% between 2016 and 2021.

Campbelltown's local resident population aligns well with the local industries and specialisations.

CAMPBELLTOWN LGA RESIDENTS INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYMENT, 2016-2021



CAMPBELLTOWN LGA RESIDENTS COMPARED TO GREATER SYDNEY RESIDENTS INDUSTRY OF EMPLOYMENT, 2021



Labour force

62%

Health Care and Education and Population Serving jobs each make up 31% of jobs in the Campbelltown LGA.

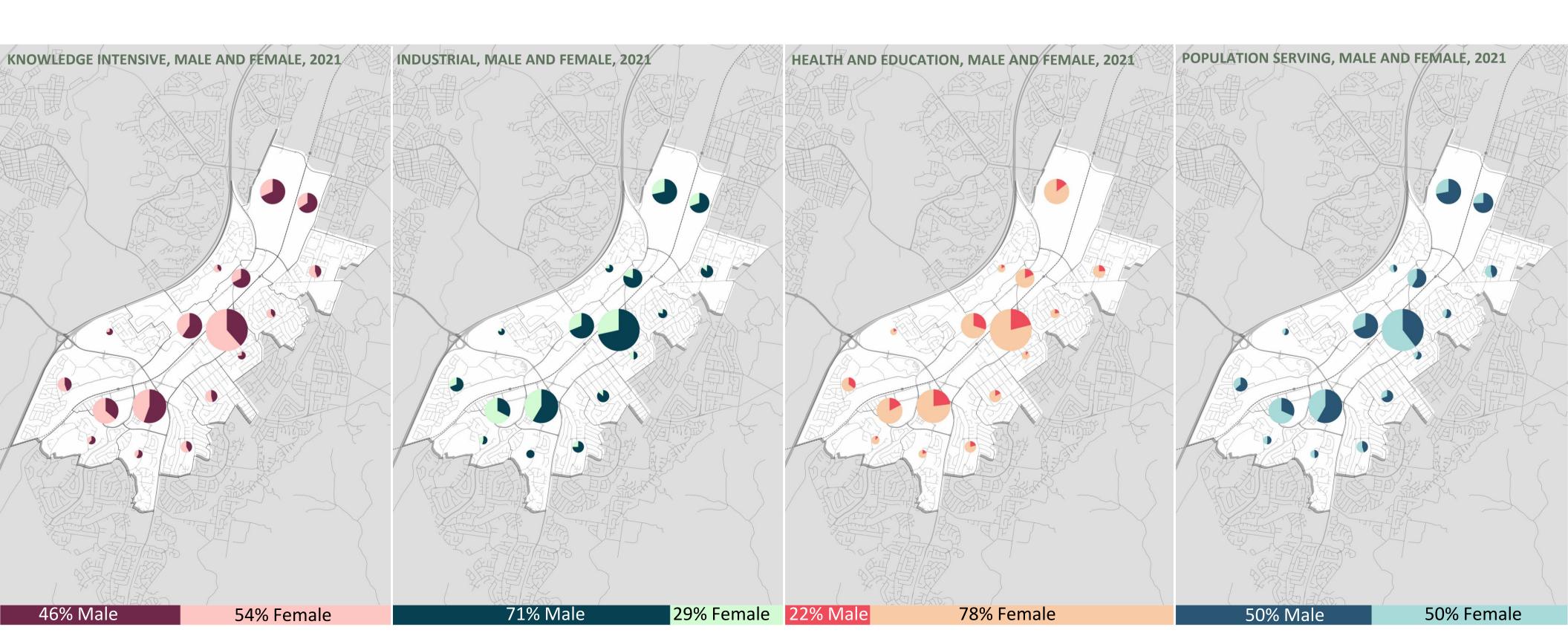
70%+

of jobs in Health and Education are held by women (78%), while men hold 72% of Industrial jobs in the LGA.



The Campbelltown City Centre

Clear spatial distinctions are seen when each industry cluster is split by gender.

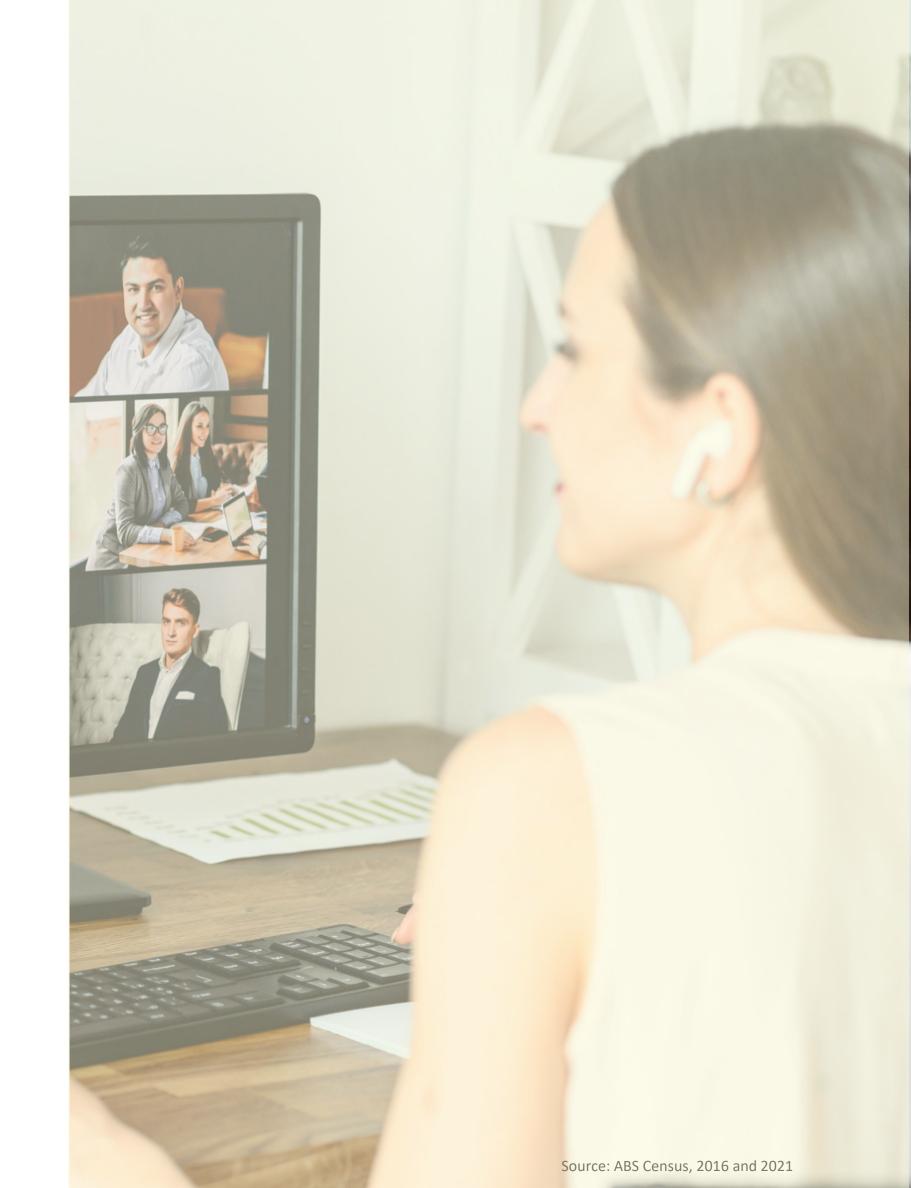


The changing nature of work

26%

of the Campbell town population worked from home on census day, compared with 40% across Greater Sydney. This indicates a workforce that still needs to travel to work in health, education and production-related industries.

It was, however, an increase of over 1,000% compared with 2016, highlighting the substantial shift that COVID-19 has had on how and where we work.

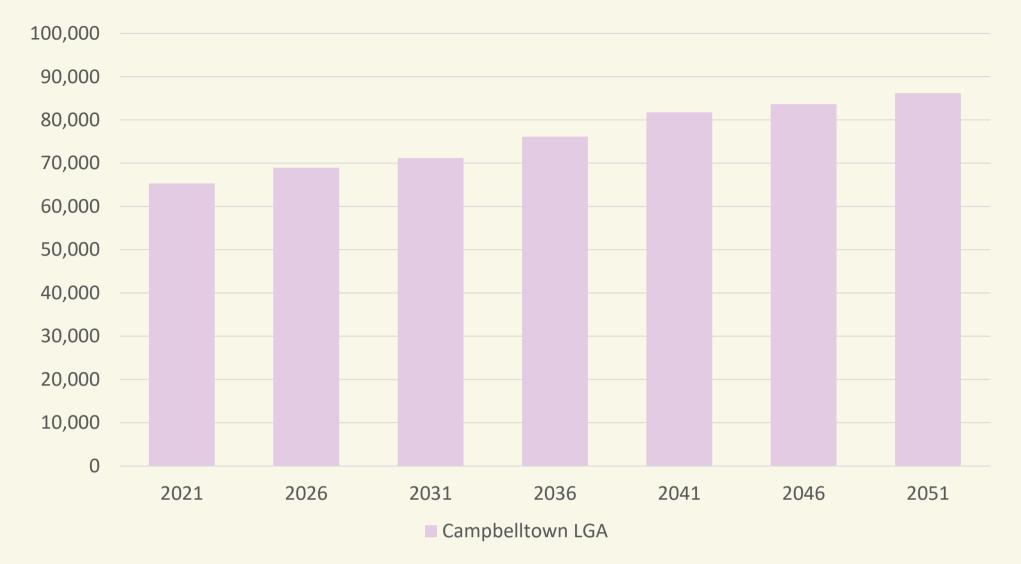


Future jobs

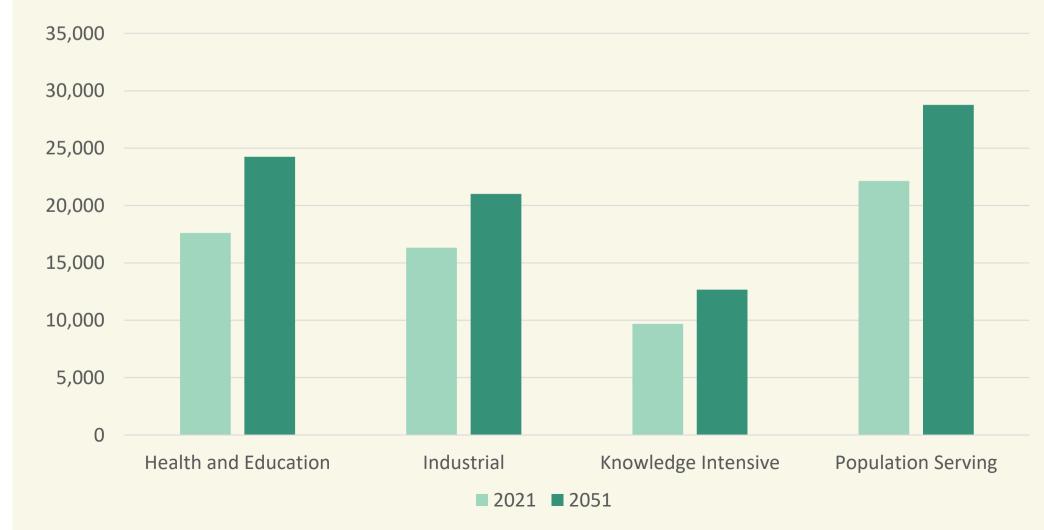
Jobs are expected to increase to 86,000 by 2051 with half of all jobs expected to be in and around the Campbelltown City Centre.

Health and Education jobs are expected to grow the most, by 38% between 2021 and 2051, continuing the important role Campbelltown plays as a population-centric local economy.

EMPLOYMENT FORECASTS: 2021-2051 CAMPBELLTOWN LGA AND CITY CENTRE



EMPLOYMENT FORECASTS BY BIC: 2021-2051 CAMPBELLTOWN LGA

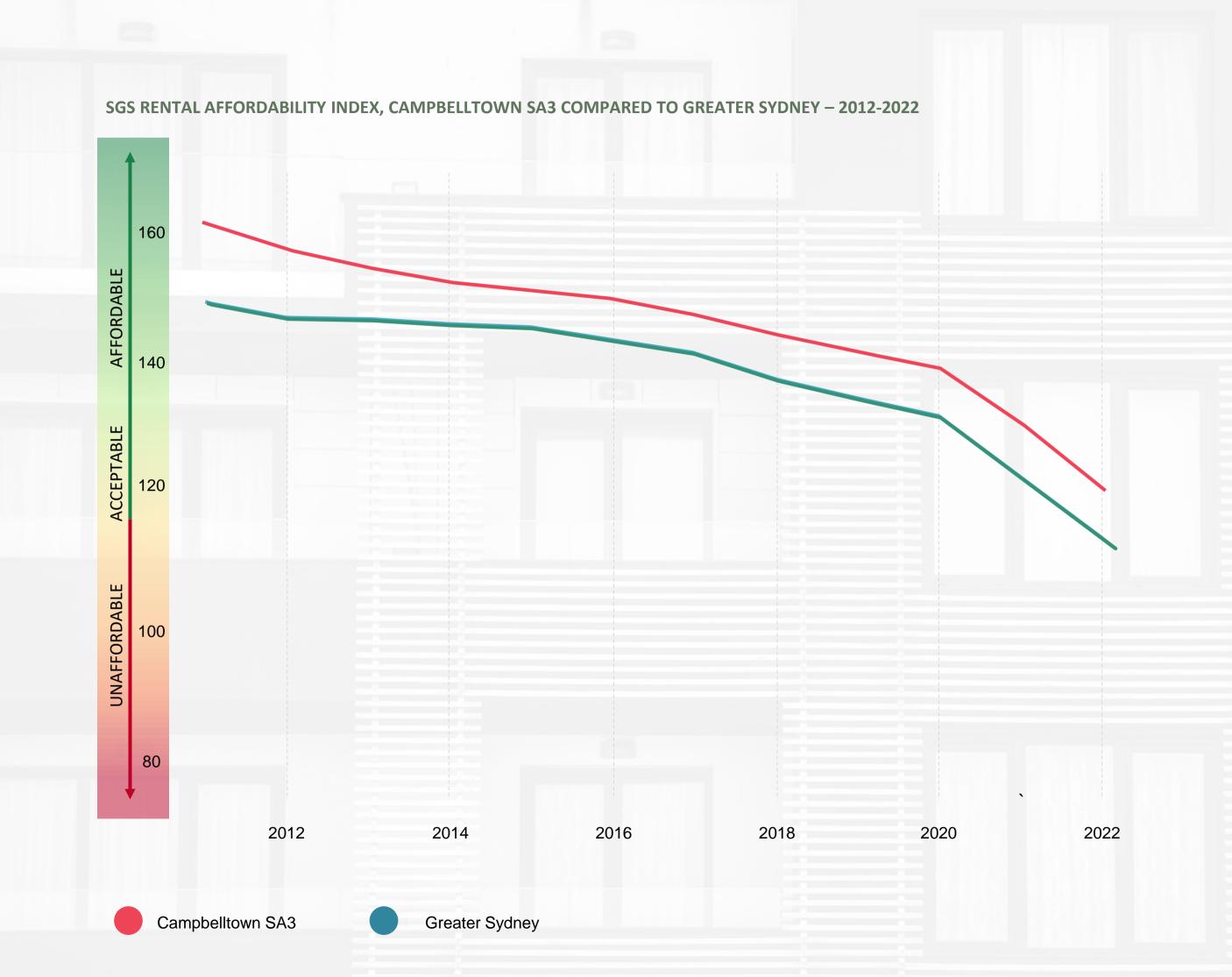


Liveability

Affordability

Campbelltown is more affordable to rent in than in the rest of Greater Sydney.

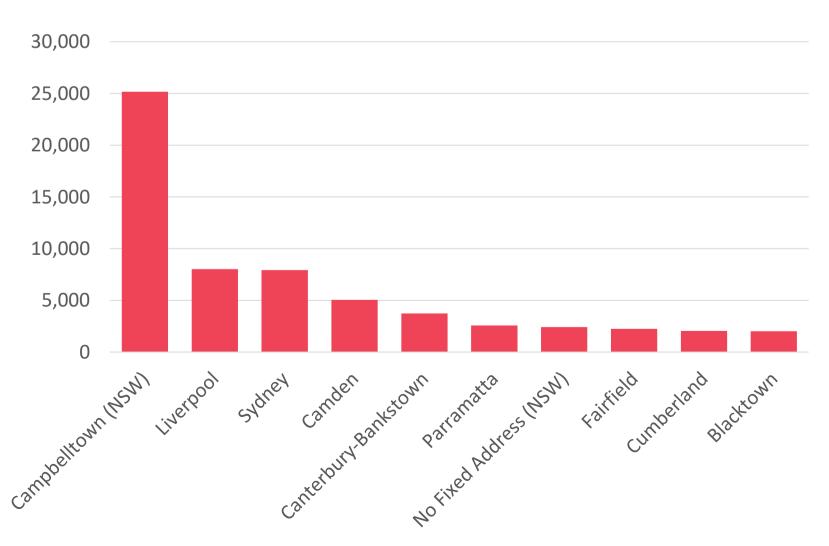
However, rental affordability has declined at the same rate as Greater Sydney over the past decade.

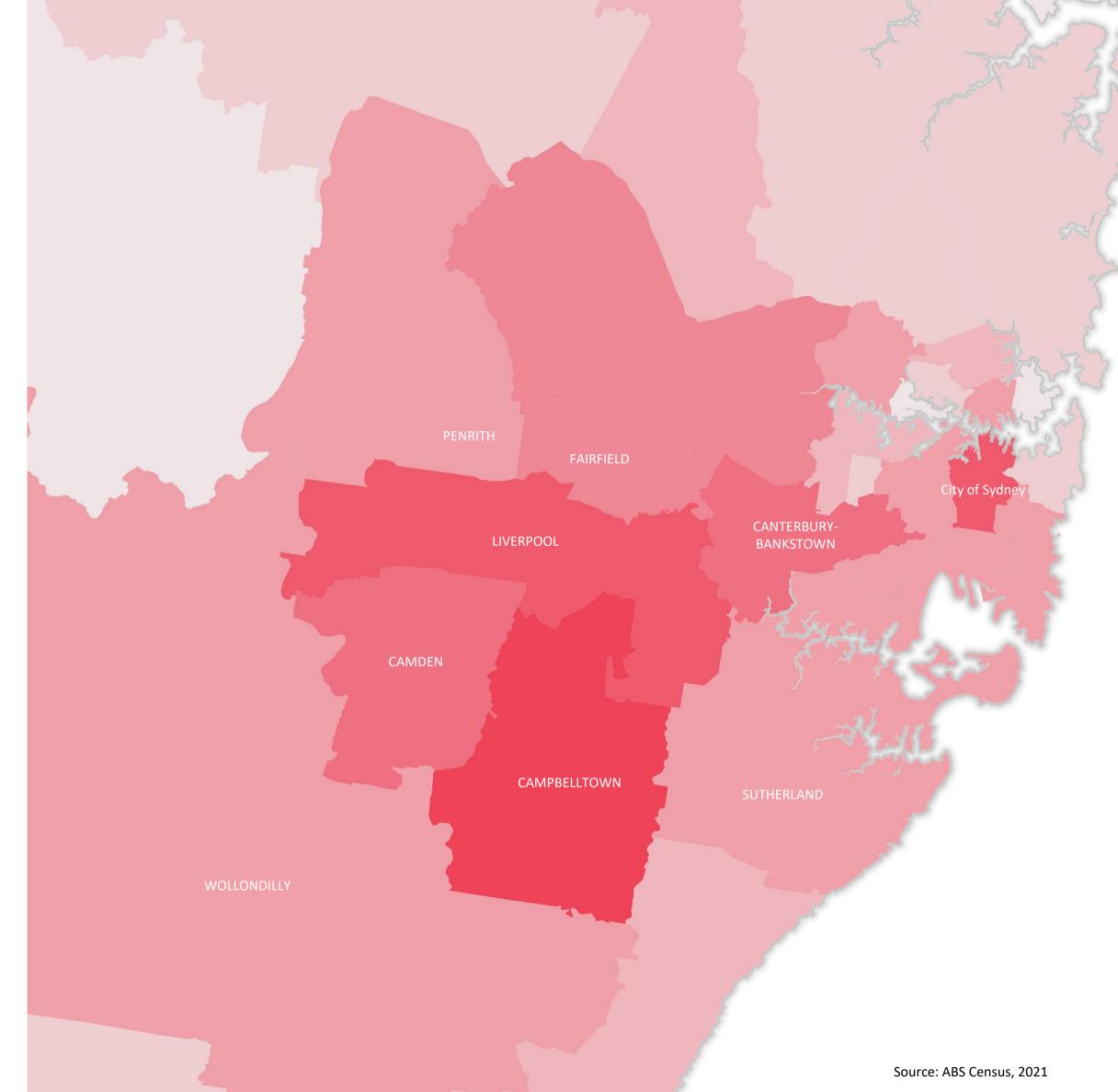


Outbound workforce

Campbelltown has a high degree of self-containment, with 35% of employed residents working locally in the LGA.

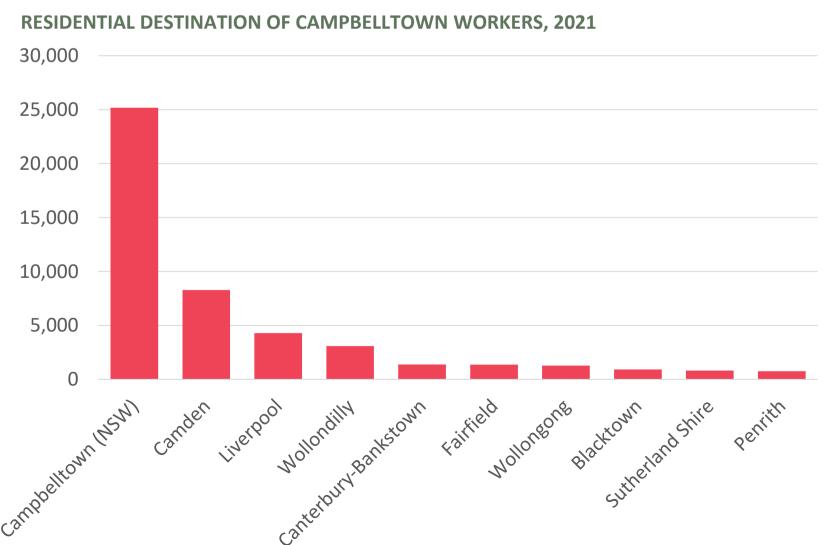
WORK DESTINATION OF CAMPBELLTOWN RESIDENTS, 2021

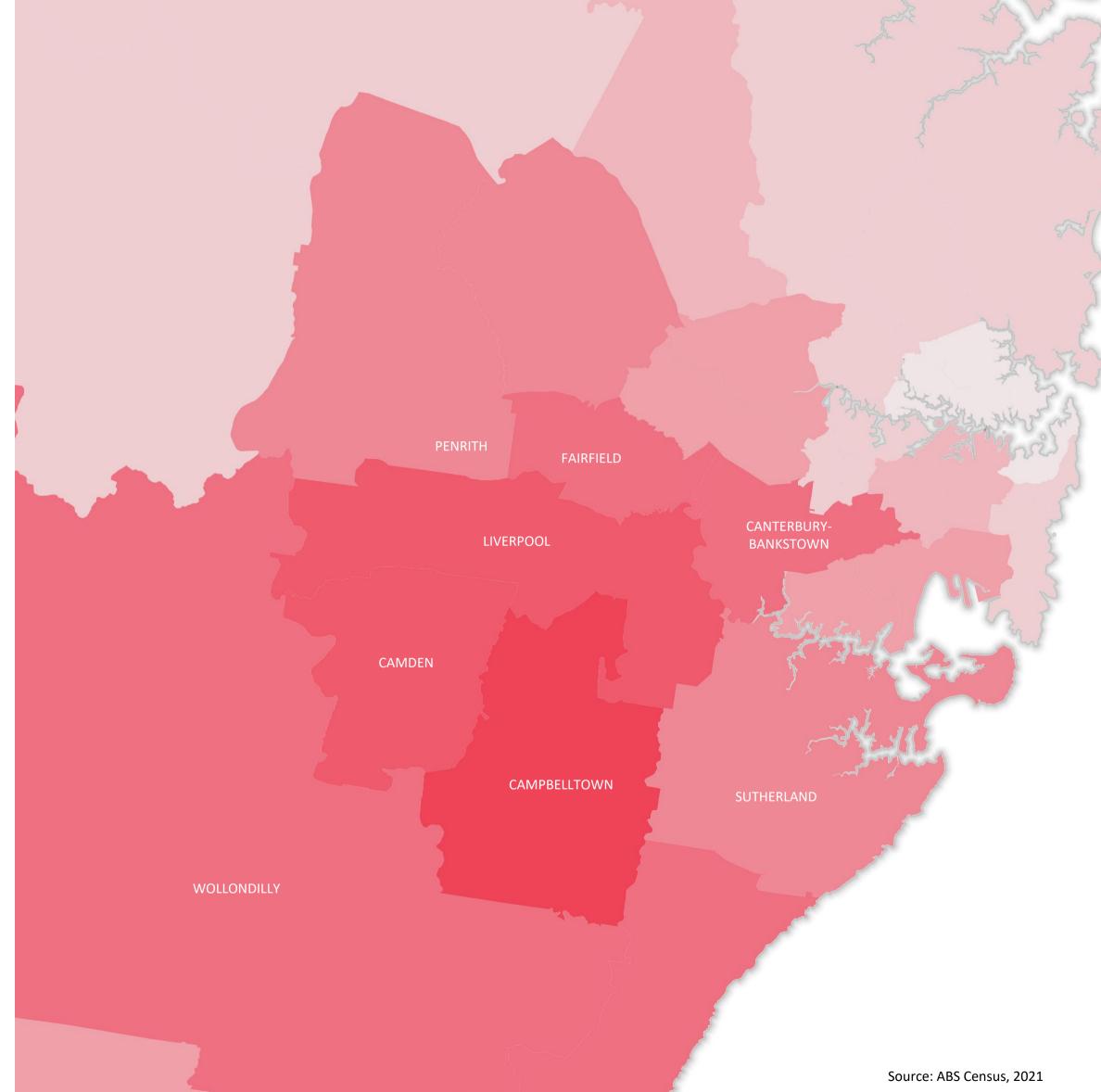




Inbound workforce

Nearly half of the workers in Campbelltown live locally, while 30% of other workers live in the neighbouring Western Sydney LGAs of Camden, Liverpool or Wollondilly.



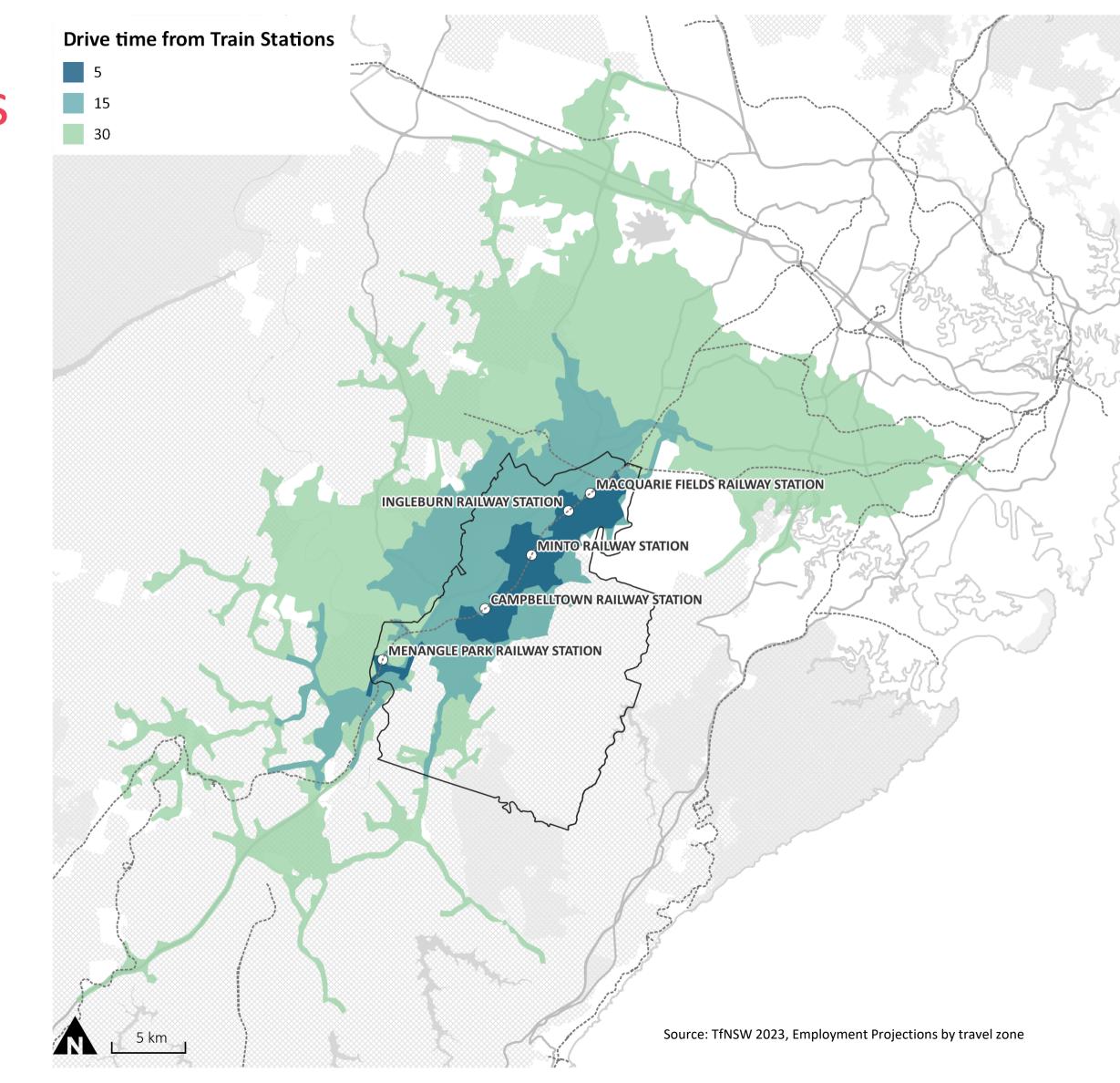


Access to job opportunities

Access to jobs (by vehicle) originating from Campbelltown's train stations highlights the challenge for diverse employment opportunities for Campbelltown residents.

While there are 52,500 jobs in the Campbelltown LGA, within 30 minutes' drive of the LGA's local train stations there are approximately 435,000 jobs that can be reached.

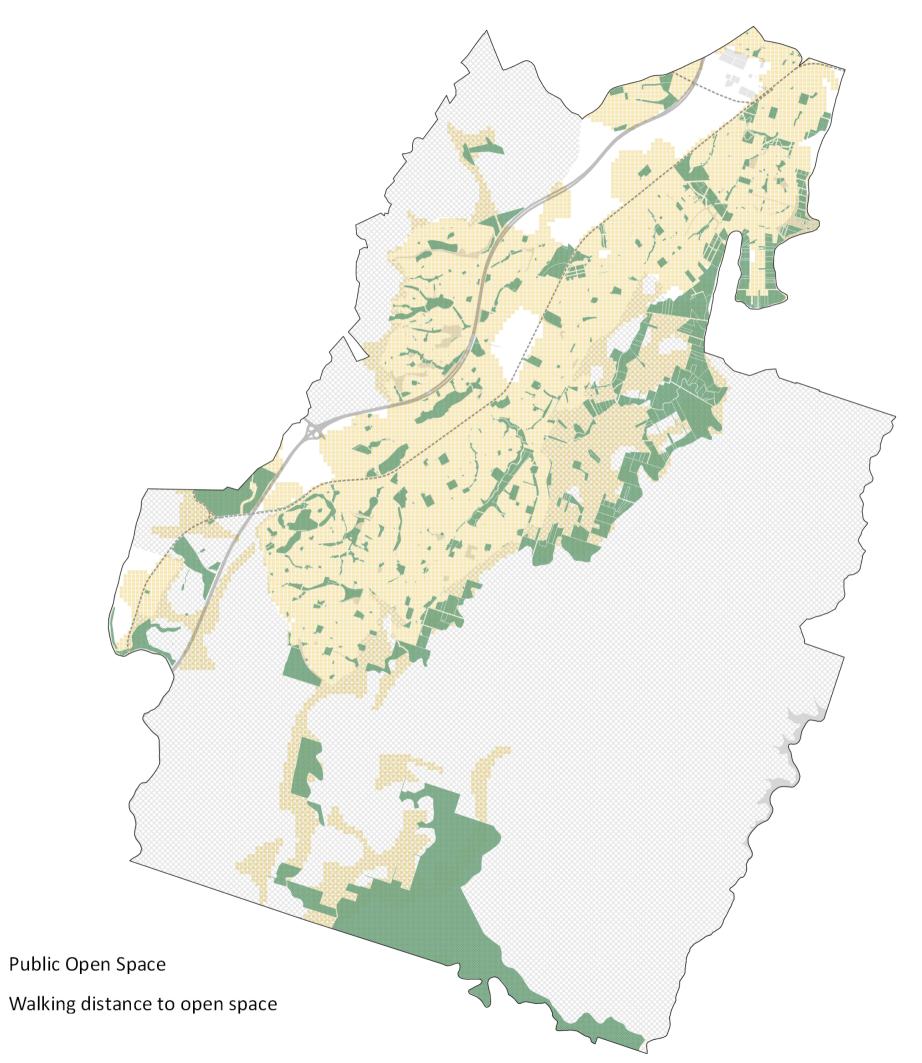
This highlights the challenges associated with supporting Campbelltown's growing population and providing good access to a diverse range of jobs.



Access to open space

95%

of dwellings in Campbelltown are within a 10-minute walk of some form of public open space.



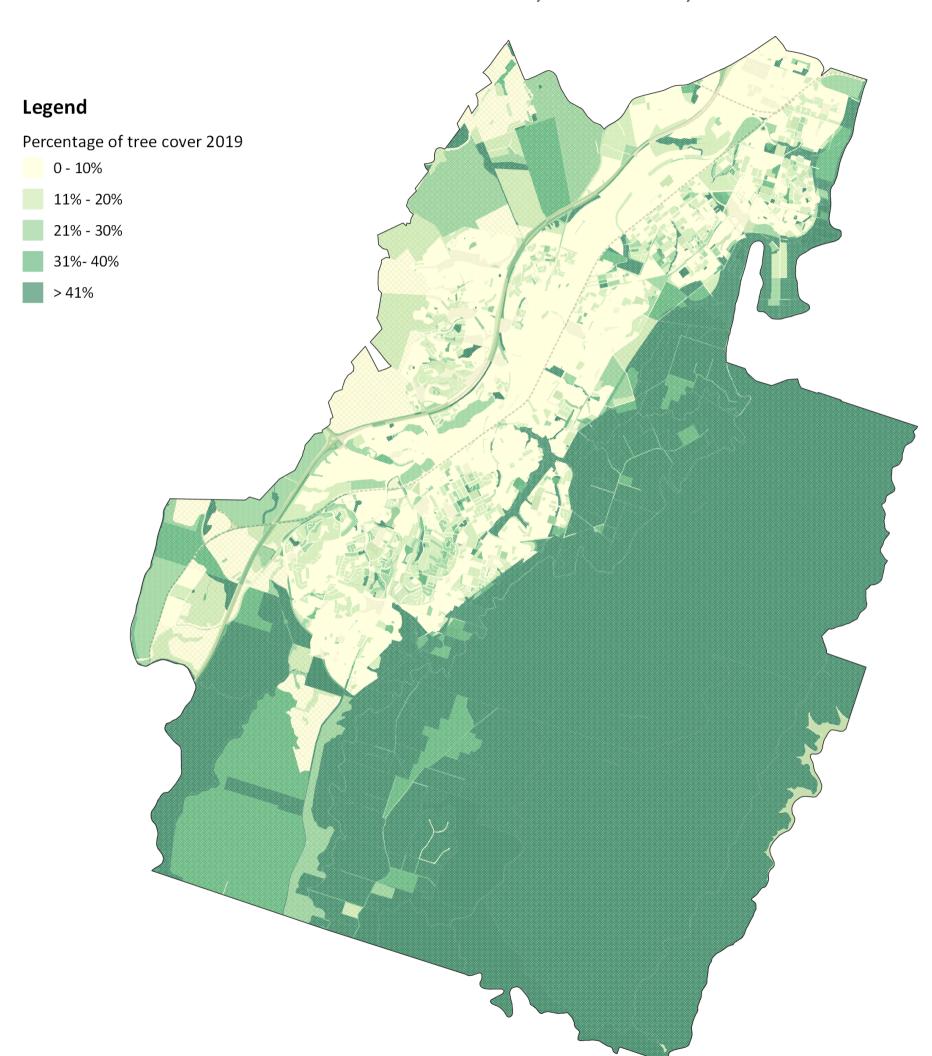
Tree canopy coverage

22%

of the Campbelltown LGA has less than 10% tree canopy coverage.

78%

of the Campbelltown centre has less than 10% tree canopy coverage.



Source: SGS Economics and Planning, 2022, using https://datasets.seed.nsw.gov.au/dataset/greater-sydney-urban-vegetation-cover-to-modified-mesh-block-2019

Urban heat

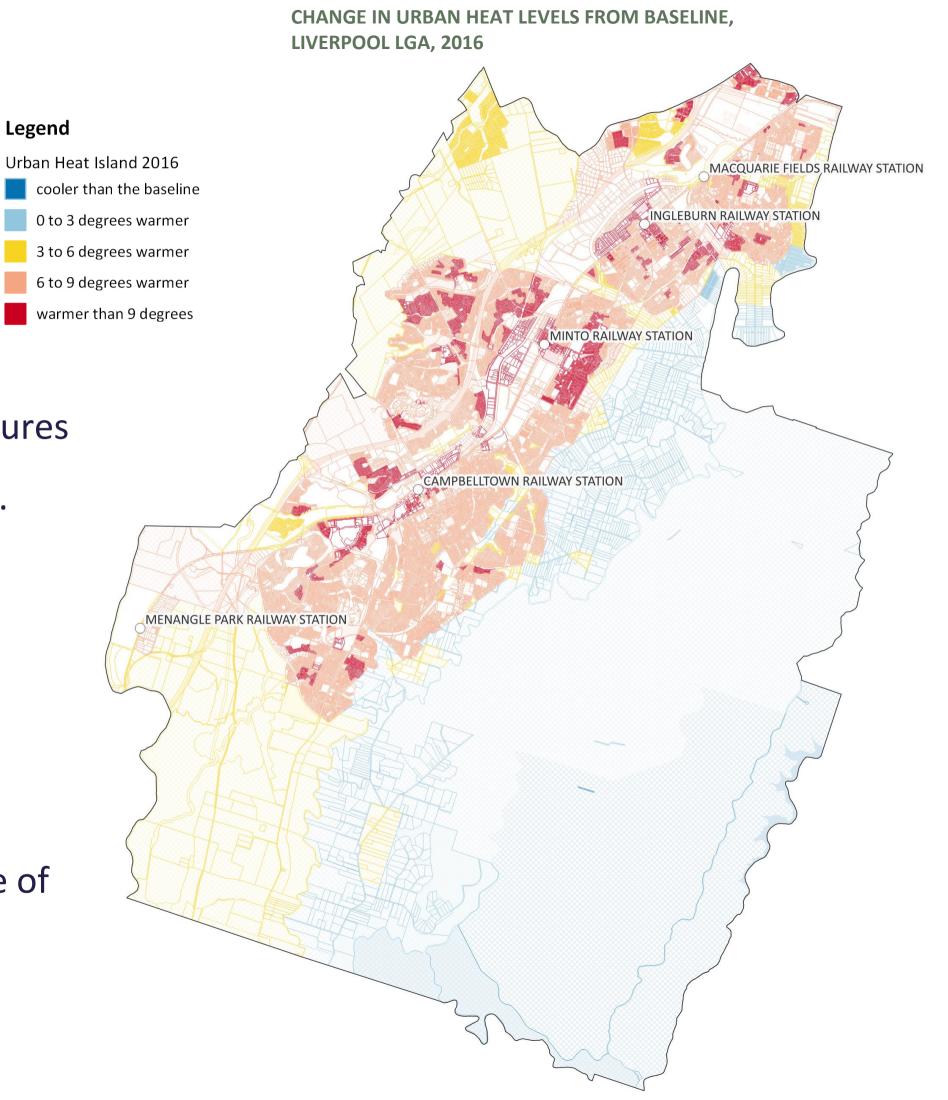
28%

of the Campbelltown LGA has seen average temperatures at least six degrees higher than baseline expectations.

Legend

32%

of the Campbelltown centre has observed an increase of nine degrees or more than the baseline surface temperature.



Source: SGS Economics and Planning, 2023, using https://datasets.seed.nsw.gov.au/dataset/nsw-urbanheat-island-to-modified-mesh-block-2016





SGS Cities and Regions Wellbeing Index

1 Headline Index

7 Wellbeing Dimensions

20 data metrics

Wellbeing Index Approach

House prices x % Own outright (Home equity) 0-

Persons in overcrowded dwellings per 100,000 O-

Work less than 50hrs/week (work-life balance)

% land national parks, reserved or protected o-

Firs Nations and Gender participation gap

% volunteer (community) o-

Gini coefficient (equality) •

Mean household income O-

Participation rate %

% workforce employed O

SGS Rental Affordability index O-

Homelessness per 100,000 o-

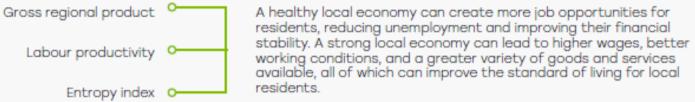
% less than two health conditions o-

Gender domestic work gap •

Environmental hazards index O-

% Cert III or above •

Life expectancy O-



Income &

Economy

Sufficient income is essential for access to basic needs such as food and shelter. Wealth can provide security and stability, which can reduce stress and anxiety, and enable access to education, employment, and discretionary products such as leisure activities, travel, and other forms of cultural enrichment.

> Employment, knowledge & skills

Education provides the knowledge and skills that create better job opportunities and provides the tools that can help individuals deal with stress and overcome obstacles in life, and is positively associated with trust, civic engagement, and social networks and support. Stable employment results in financial stability, can provide a sense of purpose and identity, and opportunities to socialise.

Having access to a stable and safe place to live is a basic human need. It provides a sense of security and belonging and supports an individual's access to social infrastructure, education and employment opportunities. On the other hand, living in overcrowded, poorly maintained, or unstable housing can contribute to feelings of insecurity, isolation, and depression. Housing also impacts economic wellbeing, as the cost of housing, including rent or mortgage payments, can make it difficult to afford other basic needs such as food and healthcare.

lousina

Chronic illness is a source of pain, stress and hardship and can contribute to depression and anxiety. It can also limit a person's ability to work and participate in other activities, which can have a negative impact on a person's social connections and financial wellbeing. Having a longer life expectancy can result in greater opportunities for personal growth and fulfillment, as well as greater social and economic prosperity.

Health

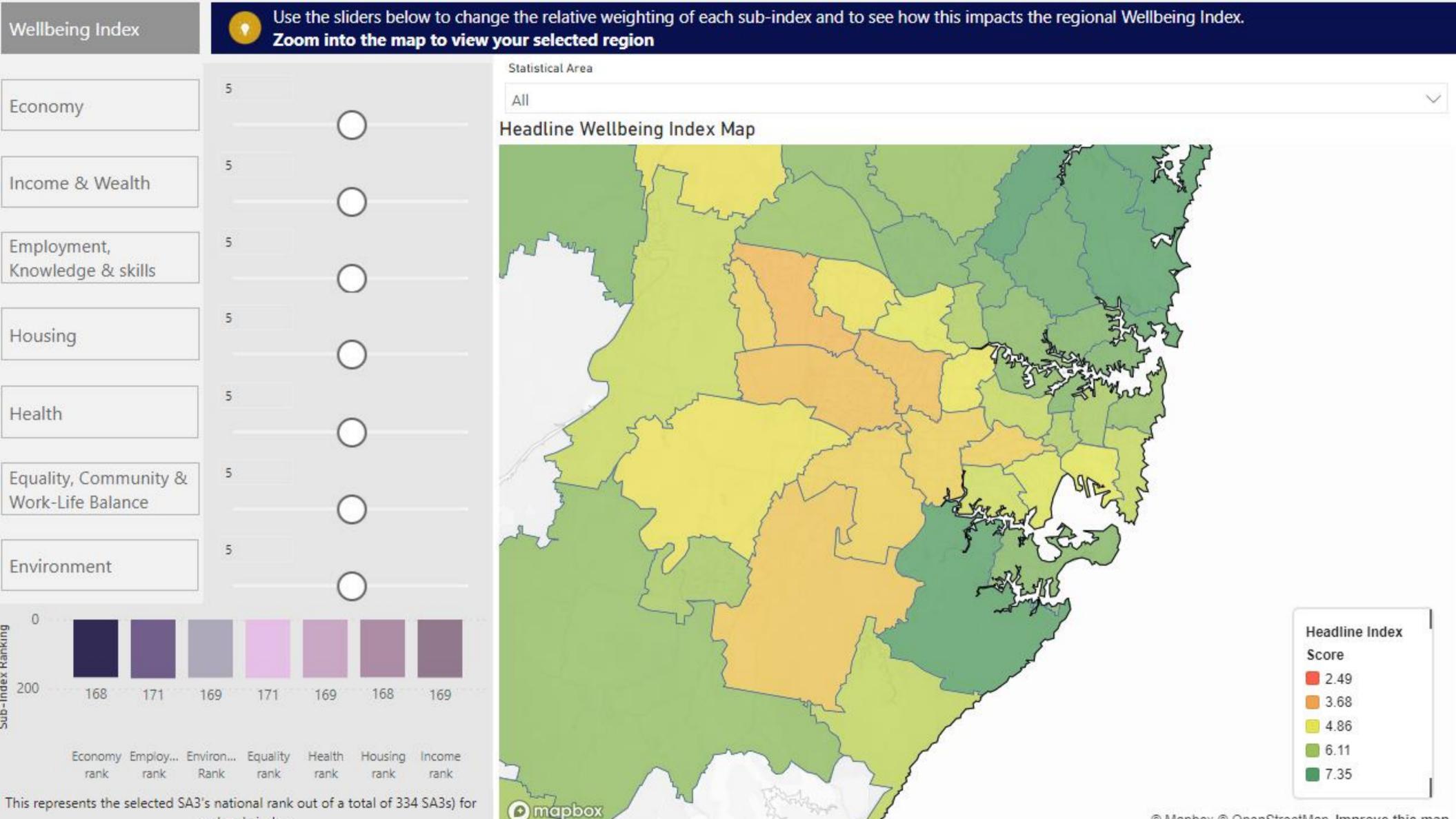
Equality underpins individual and collective wellbeing. A sense of community can provide individuals with a sense of belonging, and a support network. While work-life balance is important for maintaining physical, mental and emotional wellbeing, it is also essential for a satisfying and healthy life.

Equality, community & work-life balance

The availability and quality of green spaces such as parks and reserves are an important input into wellbeing. Spending time in nature has been linked with better physical health, lower levels of stress and positive mental health more broadly. Yet environmental risks, such as bushfire and floods, are linked with lower levels of wellbeing. Disasters can result in a loss of livelihood, such as employment or housing. They can impact social cohesion by causing communities to separate.

Environment

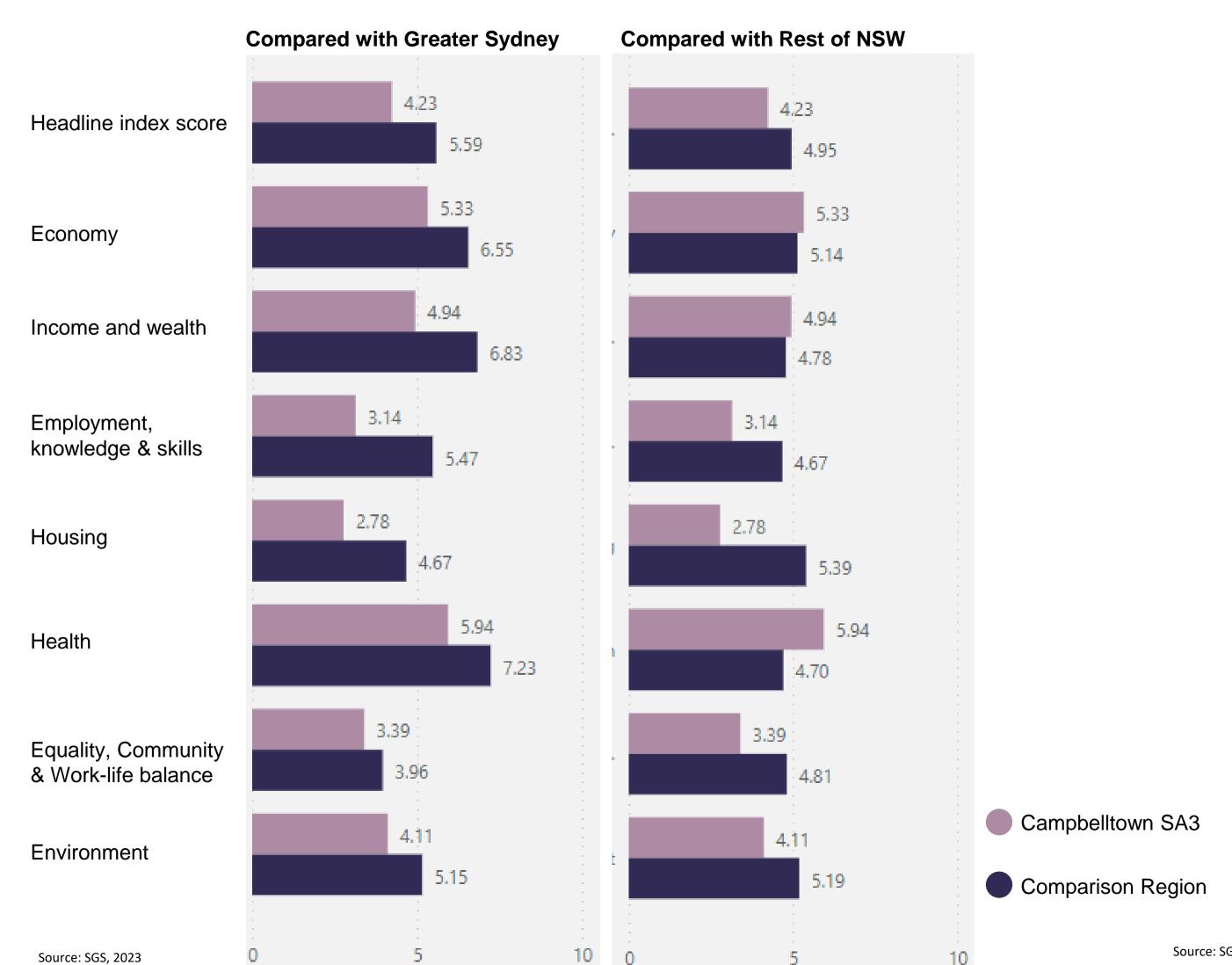
Australia's Wellbeing Index



Campbelltown – overall wellbeing score

Campbelltown performs lower than Greater Sydney across most indictors but on par or better than the rest of NSW.

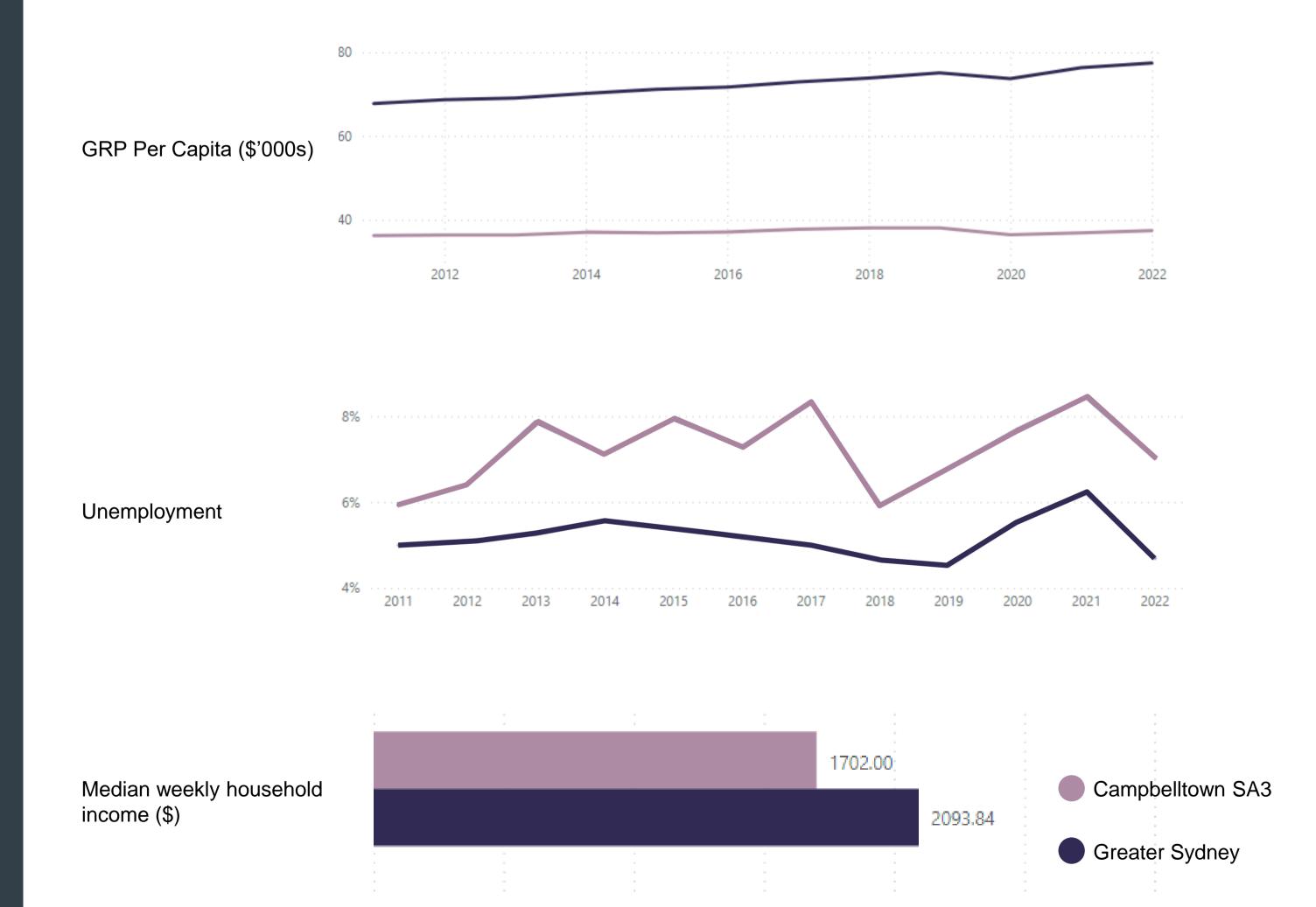
So, what is driving that?



Source: SGS, 2023

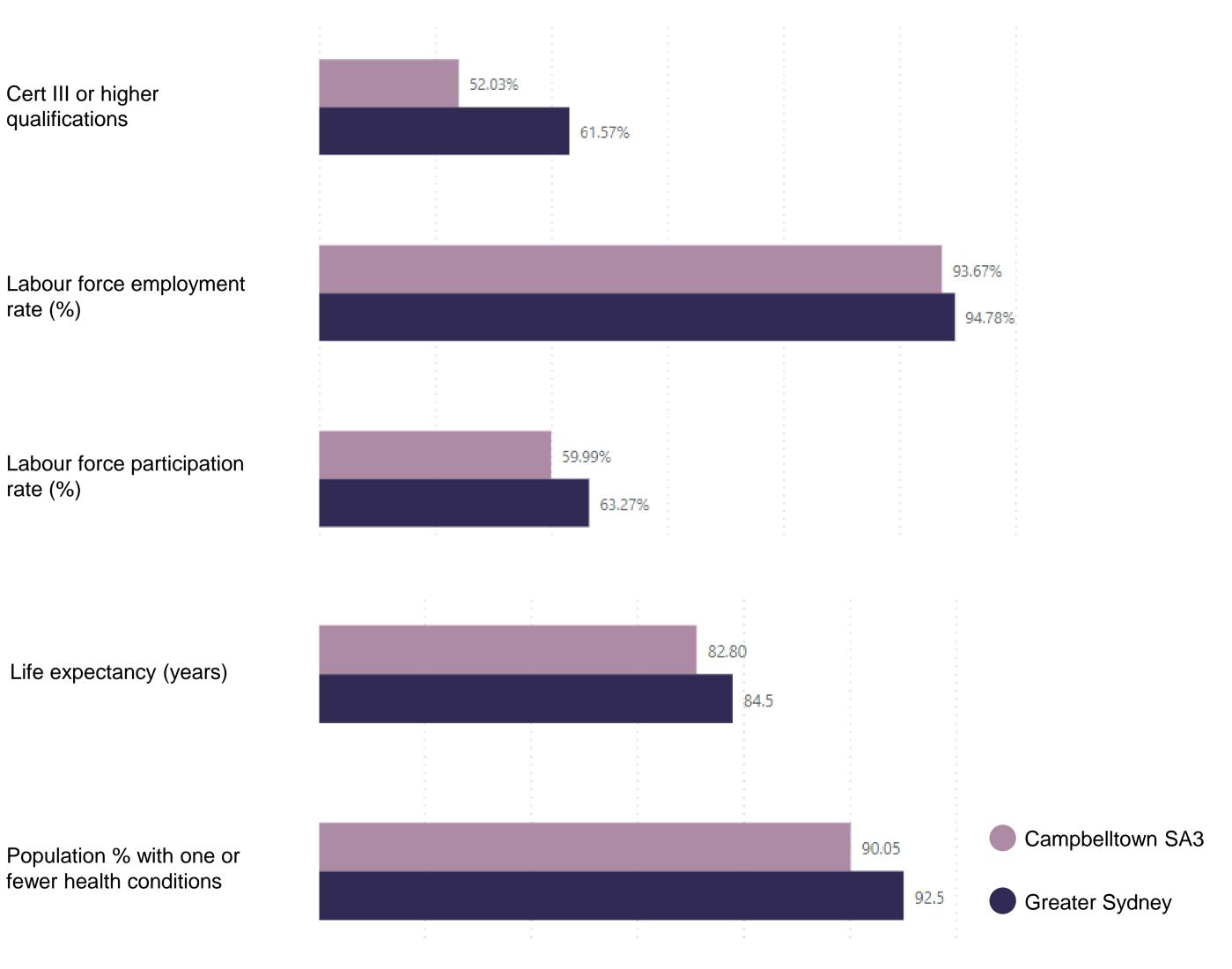
Campbelltown – Economy, Income and wealth

Campbelltown has a lower GDP per capita and a median weekly household income less than the Greater Sydney average.



Campbelltown – Employment, knowledge and skills & Health

Lower levels of educational attainment, lower labour market participation rates and lower key health markers compared with Greater Sydney.



Accessing SGS' Cities and Regions Wellbeing Index

CRWI report

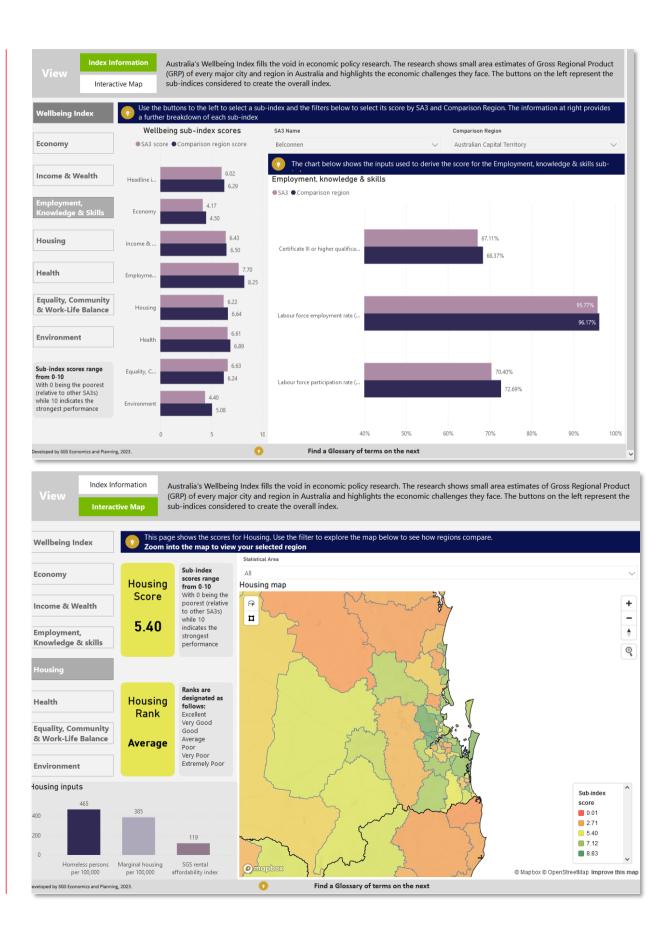
- National overview
- State and cities profiles
- Technical Appendix

Interactive Dashboard

- Interactive map view
- Index information view



https://sgsep.com.au/projects/sgs-wellbeing-index



What does this tell us?

Campbelltown is...a place of growth, with nearly 100,000 new residents expected to call the LGA home by 2051 and where many existing Sydney residents choose to move to.

Campbelltown is...a place of homeowners, with over 60% of households owning their home.

Campbelltown is... a more affordable place to both own and rent, although higher education and diverse work opportunities are often further away, with 52,500 jobs in LGA compared with 435,500 jobs within 30 minute's drive of local train stations.

Campbelltown is...an economy catering to its local population with industries such as health and education major local industries of employment and industries many local residents work in.

Campbelltown has...a strong manufacturing sector, twice as specialised as Greater Sydney and the LGA's largest economic contributor, presenting a strategic opportunity to help drive Australia's manufacturing future.

Campbelltown has...a clear spatial distribution of industries which in turn has a clear gender distribution.

Campbelltown has...a distinct split in areas of advantage and disadvantage between new and established suburbs.

Campbelltown is...blessed with good access to open space and proximity to natural assets such as National Parks.

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